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(54) Title: NOVEL MAMMALIAN NUCLEAR RECEPTOR L66 AND METHODS OF USE

(57) Abstract: The present invention relates to a novel nuclear receptor called "L66" or also FXR- $\beta$  a homologue of the FXR- $\alpha$ , a  
prototypical type 2 nuclear receptor. The invention also relates to the isolated nucleic acid sequence of L66 and the isolated protein  
thereof. The invention further relates to processes for isolating and/or producing the nucleic acid or the protein as well as methods  
of use of the receptor L66.

**Title:**

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## **NOVEL MAMMALIAN NUCLEAR RECEPTOR L66 AND METHODS OF USE**

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### **20 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

Multicellular organisms are dependent on advanced mechanisms of information transfer between cells and body compartments. The information that is transmitted can be highly complex and can result in the alteration of genetic programs involved in cellular differentiation, proliferation, or reproduction. The signals, or hormones, are often simple molecules, such as peptides, fatty acid, or cholesterol derivatives.

Many of these signals produce their effects by ultimately changing the transcription of specific genes. One well-studied group of proteins that mediate a cell's response to a  
30 variety of signals is the family of transcription factors known as nuclear receptors, hereinafter referred to often as "NR". Members of this group include receptors for steroid hormones, vitamin D, ecdysone, cis and trans retinoic acid, thyroid hormone, bile acids, cholesterol-derivatives, fatty acids (and other peroxisomal proliferators), as

well as so-called orphan receptors, proteins that are structurally similar to other members of this group, but for which no ligands are known (Escriva, H. et al., Ligand binding was acquired during evolution of nuclear receptors, PNAS, 94, 6803 – 6808, 1997). Orphan receptors may be indicative of unknown signaling pathways in the cell or may be nuclear receptors that function without ligand activation. The activation of transcription by some of these orphan receptors may occur in the absence of an exogenous ligand and/or through signal transduction pathways originating from the cell surface (Mangelsdorf, D. J. et al., The nuclear receptor superfamily: the second decade, Cell 83, 835-839, 1995).

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In general, three functional domains have been defined in NRs. An amino terminal domain is believed to have some regulatory function. A DNA-binding domain hereinafter referred to as "DBD" usually comprises two zinc finger elements and recognizes a specific Hormone Responsive Element hereinafter referred to as "HRE" within the promoters of responsive genes. Specific amino acid residues in the "DBD" have been shown to confer DNA sequence binding specificity (Skena, M. & Yamamoto, K.R., Mammalian Glucocorticoid Receptor Derivatives Enhance Transcription in Yeast, Science, 241:965-967, 1988). A Ligand binding domain

hereinafter referred to as "LBD" is at the carboxy-terminal region of known NRs. In the absence of hormone, the LBD appears to interfere with the interaction of the DBD with its HRE. Hormone binding seems to result in a conformational change in the NR and thus opens this interference (Brzozowski et al., Molecular basis of agonism and antagonism in the oestrogen receptor, Nature, 389, 753 – 758, 1997; Wagner et al., A structural role for hormone in the thyroid hormone receptor, Nature, 378, 690 – 697, 1995). A NR without the HBD constitutively activates transcription but at a low level.

Both the amino-terminal domain and the LBD appear to have transcription activation functions hereinafter referred to as "TAF". Acidic residues in the amino-terminal domains of some nuclear receptors may be important for these transcription factors to interact with RNA polymerase. TAF activity may be dependent on interactions with other protein factors or nuclear components (Diamond et al., Transcription Factor Interactions: Selectors of Positive or Negative Regulation from a Single DNA Element, Science, 249:1266-1272, 1990). Certain oncoproteins (e.g., c-Jun and c-Fos) can show synergistic or antagonistic activity with glucocorticoid receptors (GR)

in transfected cells. Furthermore, the receptors for estrogen and vitamins A and D, and fatty acids have been shown to interact, either physically or functionally, with the Jun and Fos components of AP-1 in the transactivation of steroid- or AP-1 regulated genes.

Coactivators or transcriptional activators are proposed to bridge between sequence specific transcription factors, the basal transcription machinery and in addition to influence the chromatin structure of a target cell. Several proteins like SRC-1, ACTR, and Grip1 interact with NRs in a ligand enhanced manner (Heery et al., A signature motif in transcriptional coactivators mediates binding to nuclear receptors, Nature, 387, 733 – 736; Heinzel et al., A complex containing N-CoR, mSin3 and histone deacetylase mediates transcriptional repression, Nature 387, 43 – 47, 1997). Furthermore, the physical interaction with negative receptor-interacting proteins or corepressors has been demonstrated (Xu et al., Coactivator and Corepressor complexes in nuclear receptor function, Curr Opin Genet Dev, 9 (2), 140 – 147, 1999).

Nuclear receptor modulators like steroid hormones affect the growth and function of specific cells by binding to intracellular receptors and forming nuclear receptor-ligand complexes. Nuclear receptor-hormone complexes then interact with a hormone response element (HRE) in the control region of specific genes and alter specific gene expression.

Over the past decade, new members of the nuclear hormone gene family have been identified that lack known ligands. These orphan receptors can be used to uncover –signaling molecules that regulate yet unidentified physiological networks. Some of these orphan receptors are constitutively active in transactivate target genes without the need to interact with a ligand (Mangelsdorf et al., 1995).

Farnesoid X Receptor alpha (hereinafter FXR- $\alpha$ ) is a prototypical type 2 nuclear receptor (US Pat. 6,005,086) which activates genes upon binding to promoter region of target genes in a heterodimeric fashion with Retinoid X Receptor (hereinafter RXR, Forman et al., Cell, 81, 687-93, 1995).. The relevant physiological ligands of FXR- $\alpha$  seem to be bile acids. The most potent is chenodeoxycholic acid, which regulates the expression of several genes that participate in bile acid homeostasis. Farnesoid, originally

described to activate the rat ortholog at high concentration does not activate the human or mouse receptor. It is highly expressed in the liver, intestine and kidney. Like LXR- $\alpha$  FXR- $\alpha$  is involved in intracrine signaling.

The relevant physiological ligands of NR1H4 (as FXR- $\alpha$  is also called) seem to be bile acids (Makishima et al., Science, 284, 1362-65, 1999; Parks et al., Science, 284, 1365-68, 1999). The most potent is chenodeoxycholic acid, which regulates the expression of several genes that participate in bile acid homeostasis.

10 Consequently, FXR- $\alpha$  is proposed to be a nuclear bile acid sensor. As a result, it modulates both, the synthetic output of bile acids in the liver and their recycling in the intestine (by regulating bile acid binding proteins). Its is also activated by retinoic acid and TTNPB at supraphysiological concentration. Furthermore, it regulates the conversion of dietary cholesterol into bile acids by regulation the metabolizing genes like CYP7- $\alpha$ . This is a feed back regulation since the receptor is activated by bile acids.

Through its regulatory function in cholesterol and bile acid metabolism an FXR- $\alpha$  homologue could serve as a target for cholesterol lowering drugs and exert beneficial effects in diseases like arteriosclerosis and other metabolic disorders.

It was thus an object of the present invention to provide for a novel nuclear receptor.  
20 In a preferred embodiment of the invention it was an object to provide for a homologue of FXR- $\alpha$ . It was an object of the present invention to provide for means of producing this receptor as well as means of screening for agonists and antagonists to the receptor. Further objects of the invention are outlined below.

## **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

The present invention provides, *inter alia*, a novel nuclear receptor protein. In a preferred embodiment of the invention a novel FXR- $\alpha$  homologue is provided for. Also provided is the nucleic acid sequence encoding this novel nuclear receptor  
30 protein, as well as compounds and methods for using this protein and its nucleic acid sequence.

The present invention provides a novel proteins, nucleic acids, and methods useful for developing and identifying compounds for the treatment of such diseases and disorders as metabolic disorders, immunological indications, hormonal dysfunctions, neurosystemic diseases and in preferred embodiments, high cholesterol and arteriosclerosis as well as other metabolic disorders.

Identified and disclosed herein is the protein sequence for a novel nuclear receptor and the nucleic acid sequence encoding this nuclear receptor L66, which we call the L66 nuclear receptor (or simply "L66") receptor, or also FXR- $\beta$ .

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The importance of this discovery is manifested in the effects of FXR- $\beta$  to modulate genes involved in cellular functions like regulation of metabolism and cell homeostasis, cell proliferation and differentiation, pathological cellular aberrations, or cellular defense mechanisms including tumor development, *i.e.* cancer.

Thus, this L66 protein is useful for screening for L66 agonists and antagonist activity for controlling these conditions.

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In one aspect of the present invention, we provide isolated nucleic acid sequences for a novel *receptor*, the L66 receptor. In particular, we provide the cDNA sequences, protein sequences as well as the genomic sequences encoding the human L66 receptor, as well as the cDNA sequence, protein sequence and genomic sequence of the *Mus musculus* (mouse) receptor.

These nucleic acid sequences have a variety of uses. For example, they are useful for making vectors and for transforming cells, both of which are ultimately useful for production of the L66 protein.

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They are also useful as scientific research tools for developing nucleic acid probes for determining L66 expression levels, *e.g.*, to identify diseased or otherwise abnormal states. They are useful for developing analytical tools such as anti sense oligonucleotides for selectively inhibiting expression of the L66 gene to determine physiological responses.

In another aspect of the present invention, we provide a homogenous composition comprising the L66 protein. The protein is useful for screening drugs for agonist and antagonist activity, and, therefore, for screening for drugs useful in regulating physiological responses associated with L66. Specifically, antagonists to the L66 receptor could be used to treat diseases and disorders as metabolic disorders, immunological indications, hormonal dysfunctions, neurosystemic diseases and in preferred embodiments, high cholesterol and arteriosclerosis as well as other metabolic disorders, whereas agonists could be used for the treatment of these conditions. The proteins are also useful for developing antibodies for detection of the protein.

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Flowing from the foregoing are a number of other aspects of the invention, including (a) vectors, such as plasmids, comprising the L66 nuclear receptor nucleic acid sequence that may further comprise additional regulatory elements, e.g., promoters, (b) transformed cells that express the L66, (c) nucleic acid probes, (d) antisense oligonucleotides, (e) agonists, (f) antagonists, and (g) transgenic mammals. Further aspects of the invention comprise methods for making and using the foregoing compounds and compositions.

The foregoing merely summarizes certain aspects of the present invention and is not  
20 intended, nor should it be construed, to limit the invention in any manner. All patents and other publications recited herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

### THE L66 PROTEIN AND NUCLEIC ACID:

The present invention comprises a novel member of the nuclear receptor superfamily which the inventors herein refer to as L66. Particularly preferred embodiments of the L66 receptor are those having an amino acid sequence substantially the same as  
30 SEQ ID NO. 3, 24 and/or 19. Examination of the amino acid sequence confirms that the present protein is indeed a member of the nuclear receptor family (see also US 6,005,086) which is closely related to FXR (see also figure 3 for the domain

composition). The carboxy-terminal ligand binding domain "LBD" of L66 is a complex region encoding subdomains for ligand binding, often dimerization and transcriptional activation.

The nucleic acids claimed above may be present in various forms, i.e. as an RNA, DNA, cDNA or as genomic DNA.

As used herein, if reference to L66, the L66 receptor, the nuclear receptor L66 or the L66 nuclear receptor is made it is meant as a reference to any protein having an amino acid sequence substantially the same as SEQ ID NO.: 3, 24 and/or 19.

10

The present invention also comprises nucleic acid sequences encoding the L66 receptor, which nucleic acid sequences are substantially the same as SEQ ID NO. 1 and SEQ ID NO. 17 (cDNAs) or splice variants thereof 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 22, their sequence complements SEQ ID NO. 2 and 18 or complements of said splice variants 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 23. SEQ ID NO 4 encodes the human cDNA L66 receptor and is a preferred embodiment. SEQ ID NO. 17 (cDNA) encodes the mouse receptor (*Mus musculus*). SEQ ID NO. 20 represents the genomic sequence of L66 locus from the mouse (*Mus musculus*) (see also Fig. 15) in one embodiment, the nucleic acid

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sequence according to the invention comprises the sequence according to SEQ ID NO. 1, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 17, 20 (4 to 12 representing various splice variants of the human L66) and/or 22 or portions thereof, in a preferred embodiment nucleic acid sequence according to the invention consists of the sequence according to SEQ ID NO. 1, 4, 6, 8, 10 (4 to 10 representing various splice variants of the human L66) and/or 17 or portions thereof.

Herein the "complement" refers to the complementary strand of the nucleic acid according to the invention, thus the strand that would hybridize to the nucleic acid according to the invention. In accordance with standard biological terminology all DNA sequences herein are however written in 5'-3' orientation, thus the if a

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complement is mentioned (see also figures) it is actually a "reverse" complement (as also stated in the figures). For simplification purposes they may however sometimes be referred to simply as "complements".



As used herein, a protein "having an amino acid sequence substantially the same or similar as SEQ ID NO x" (where "x" is the number of one of the protein sequences recited in the Sequence Listing) means a protein whose amino acid sequence is the same as SEQ ID NO x or differs only in a way such that at least 50% of the residues compared in a sequence alignment with SEQ ID NO. x are identical, preferably 75% of the residues are identical, even more preferably 95% of the residues are identical and most preferably at least 98% of the residues are identical.

10 Those skilled in the art will appreciate that conservative substitutions of amino acids can be made without significantly diminishing the protein's affinity for interacting proteins, DNA binding sites, L66 receptor modulators, e.g. small molecular hydrophobic compounds, or RNA.

Other substitutions may be made that increase the protein's affinity for these compounds. Making and identifying such proteins is a routine matter given the teachings herein, and can be accomplished, for example, by altering the nucleic acid sequence encoding the protein (as disclosed herein), inserting it into a vector, transforming a cell, expressing the nucleic acid sequence, and measuring the binding affinity of the resulting protein, all as taught herein.

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As used herein the term "a molecule having a nucleotide sequence substantially the same as SEQ ID NO y" (wherein "y" is the number of one of the protein-encoding nucleotide sequences listed in the Sequence Listing) means a nucleic acid encoding a protein "having an amino acid sequence substantially the same as SEQ ID NO y+l" (wherein "y+l" is the number of the amino acid sequence for which nucleotide sequence "y" codes) as defined above. This definition is intended to encompass natural allelic variations in the L66 sequence. Cloned nucleic acid provided by the present invention may encode L66 protein of any species of origin, including (but not limited to), for example, mouse, rat, rabbit, cat, dog, primate, and human.

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Preferably, the nucleic acid provided by the invention encodes L66 receptors of mammalian, preferably mouse and most preferably human origin.

Preferably, the L66 receptors proteins provided by the invention are of mammalian, more preferably mouse and most preferably human origin.

The inventors have found (see figures and examples) that the L66 gene in humans is expressed primarily in testis. In mice however expression may be observed also in other tissues.

#### IDENTIFICATION OF VARIANTS AND HOMOLOGUES AS WELL AS USE OF 10 PROBES:

Nucleic acid hybridization probes provided by the invention are nucleic acids consisting essentially of the nucleotide sequences complementary to any sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO. 1, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 17, 20, 22, 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 18, 21 and/or 23 or a part thereof and that are effective in nucleic acid hybridization

Nucleic acid hybridization probes provided by the invention are nucleic acids capable of detecting i.e. hybridizing to the gene encoding the polypeptides according to SEQ  
ID NO. 3, 24 and/or 19.

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Nucleic acid probes are useful for detecting L66 gene expression in cells and tissues using techniques well-known in the art, including, but not limited to, Northern blot hybridization, in situ hybridization, and Southern hybridization to reverse transcriptase - polymerase chain reaction product DNAs. The probes provided by the present invention, including oligonucleotide probes derived therefrom, are also useful for Southern hybridization of mammalian, preferably human, genomic DNA for screening for restriction fragment length polymorphism (RFLP) associated with certain genetic disorders. As used herein, the term complementary means a nucleic acid having a sequence that is sufficiently complementary in the Watson-Crick sense  
30 to a target nucleic acid to bind to the target under physiological conditions or experimental conditions those skilled in the art routinely use when employing probes.

It is understood in the art that a nucleic acid sequence will hybridize with a complementary nucleic acid sequence under high stringent conditions as defined

herein, even though some mismatches may be present. Such closely matched, but not perfectly complementary sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. For example, differences may occur through genetic code degeneracy, or by naturally occurring or man made mutations and such mismatched sequences would still be encompassed by the present claimed invention.

Preferably, the nucleotide sequence of the nuclear receptor L66 (SEQ ID NO. 1, 4, 17, and/or 22 or splice variants thereof) and/or their complements can be used to derive oligonucleotide fragments (probes) of various length. If the probe is used to detect a human L66 sequence most preferably a complement of SEQ ID NO. 1 and/or 4 or its complement is used. If the probe is supposed to detect a mouse or a rodent sequence probes complementary to SEQ ID NO. 17 and/or 22, or their respective complements are preferred. Stretches of 17 to 30 nucleotides are used frequently but depending on the screening parameters longer sequences as 40, 50, 100, 150 up to the full length of the sequence may be used. Those probes can be synthesized chemically and are obtained readily from commercial oligonucleotide providers. Chemical synthesis has improved over the years and chemical synthesis of oligonucleotides as long as 100-200 bases is possible. The field might advance further to allow chemical synthesis of even longer fragments. Alternatively, probes can also be obtained by biochemical *de novo* synthesis of single stranded DNA. In this case the nucleotide sequence of the nuclear receptor L66 or its complement (see figures) serve as a template and the corresponding complementary strand is synthesized. A variety of standard techniques such as nick translation or primer extension from specific primers or short random oligonucleotides can be used to synthesize the probe (Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (3 Volume Set) by Joseph Sambrook, David W. Russell, Joe Sambrook, 2100 pages 3rd edition (January 15, 2001; . Molecular cloning: a laboratory manual. Cold Spring Harbor Press, Cold Spring Harbor, 1989)). Nucleic acid reproduction technologies exemplified by the polymerase chain reaction (Saiki, R.K. et al. Primer-directed enzymatic amplification of DNA with a thermostable DNA polymerase. *Science* 239, 487-491 (1988)) are commonly applied to synthesize probes. In the case of techniques using specific primers the nucleic acid sequence of the nuclear receptor L66 or its complement is not only used as a template in the biochemical reaction but also to derive the specific primers which are needed to prime the reaction.

In some cases one might also consider to use the nucleic acid sequence of the cofactor or its complement as a template to synthesize an RNA probe. A promoter sequence for a DNA-dependent RNA polymerase has to be introduced at the 5'-end of sequence. As an example this can be done by cloning the sequence into a vector which carries the respective promoter sequence. It is also possible to introduce the needed sequence by synthesizing a primer with the needed promoter in the form of a 5' "tail". The chemical synthesis of a RNA probe is another option.

- 10 Appropriate means are available to detect the event of a hybridization. There is a wide variety of labels and detection systems, e.g. radioactive isotopes, fluorescent, or chemiluminescent molecules which can be linked to the probe. Furthermore, there are methods of introducing haptens which can be detected by antibodies or other ligands such as the avidin/biotin high affinity binding system.

Hybridization can take place in solution or on solid phase or in combinations of the two, e.g. hybridization in solution and subsequent capture of the hybridization product onto a solid phase by immobilized antibodies or by ligand coated magnetic beads.

- 20 Hybridization probes act by forming selectively duplex molecules with complementary stretches of a sequence of a gene or a cDNA. The selectivity of the process can be controlled by varying the conditions of hybridization. To select sequences which are identical highly homologous to the sequence of interest stringent conditions for the hybridization will be used, e.g. low salt in the range of 0.02 M to 0.15 M salt and/or high temperatures in the range from 50°C degrees centigrade to 70°C degrees centigrade. Stringency can be further improved by the addition of formamide to the hybridization solution. The use of stringent conditions which means that only little mismatch or a complete match will lead to a hybridization product would be used to isolate closely related members of the same gene family. Thus, as used herein
- 30 stringent hybridization conditions are those where between 0.02 M to 0.15 M salt and/or high temperatures in the range from 50°C degrees centigrade to 70°C degrees centigrade are applied.

The use of highly stringent conditions or conditions of "high stringency" means that only very little mismatch or a complete match which lead to a hybridization product would be used to isolate very closely related members of the same gene family.

Thus, as used herein highly stringent hybridization conditions are those where between 0.02 – 0.3 M salt and 65°C degrees centigrade are applied for about 5 to 18 hours of hybridization time and additionally, the sample filters are washed twice for about 15 minutes each at between 60°C – 65°C degrees centigrade, wherein the first washing fluid contains about 0.1 M salt (NaCl and/or Sodium Citrate) and the second contains only about 0.02 M salt (NaCl and/or Sodium Citrate). In a preferred  
10 embodiment the following conditions are considered to be highly stringent:

Hybridisation in a buffer containing 2 x SSC (0.03 M Sodium Citrate, 0.3 M NaCl) at 65°C – 68°C degrees centigrade for 12 hours, followed by a washing step for 15 minutes in 0.5 x SSC, 0.1% SDS, and a washing step for 15 minutes at 65°C degrees centigrade in 0.1 x SSC, 0.1% SDS.

Less stringent hybridization conditions, e.g. 0.15 M salt - 1 M salt and/or temperatures from 22°C degrees centigrade to 56°C degrees centigrade are applied  
in order to detect functionally equivalent genes in the same species or for

20 orthologous sequences from other species.

Unspecific hybridization products are removed by washing the reaction products repeatedly in 2 x SSC solution and increasing the temperature.

## DEGENERATE PCR AND CLONING OF HOMOLOGUES

The nucleotide sequence of the nuclear receptor L66 or its complement can be used to design primers for a polymerase chain reaction. Due to the degeneracy of the genetic code the respective amino acid sequence is used to design oligonucleotides  
30 in which varying bases coding for the same amino acid are included. Numerous design rules for degenerate primers have been published (Compton et al, 1990). As in hybridization there are a number of factors known to vary the stringency of the PCR. The most important parameter is the annealing temperature. To allow annealing of primers with imperfect matches annealing temperatures are often much

lower than the standard annealing temperature of 55°C, e.g. 35°C to 52°C degrees can be chosen. PCR reaction products can be cloned. Either the PCR product is cloned directly, with reagents and protocols from commercial manufacturers (e.g. from Invitrogen, San Diego, USA). Alternatively, restriction sites can be introduced into the PCR product via a 5'-tail of the PCR primers and used for cloning. Primers for the amplification of the entire or partial pieces of the L66 gene or mRNA, or for reverse transcription may be designed making use of the sequences according to the invention, i.e. those depicted in the figures below.

## 10 GENETIC VARIANTS

Fragments from the nucleotide sequence of the nuclear receptor L66 (SEQ ID NO. 1, 4 or the mouse, i.e. 17 or 22) or their complements can be used to cover the whole sequence with overlapping sets of PCR primers. Also the genomic sequences may be used (see figures for sequences). These primers are used to produce PCR products using genomic DNA from a human diversity panel of healthy individuals or genomic DNA from individuals which are phenotypically conspicuous. Also the genomic sequences may be used, i.e. that of the human clone as deposited by the applicant (deposit number DSM 14483 ) or that of the mouse according to SEQ ID

20 NO. 20 (or the complement thereof). The PCR products can be screened for polymorphisms, for example by denaturing gradient gel electrophoresis, binding to proteins detecting mismatches or cleaving heteroduplexes or by denaturing high-performance liquid chromatography. Products which display mutations need to be sequenced to identify the nature of the mutation. Alternatively, PCR products can be sequenced directly omitting the mutation screening step to identify genetic polymorphisms. If genetic variants are identified and are associated with a discrete phenotype, these genetic variations can be included in diagnostic assays. The normal variation of the human population is of interest in designing screening assays as some variants might interact better or worse with a respective lead substance (a pharmacodynamic application). Polymorphisms or mutations which can be correlated to phenotypic outcome are a tool to extend the knowledge and the commercial applicability of the nucleotide sequence of the nuclear receptor L66 or its complement or their gene product, as variants might have a slightly different molecular behavior or desired properties. Disease-causing mutations or

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polymorphisms allow the replacement of this disease inducing gene copy with a wild-type copy by means of gene therapy approaches and/or the modulation of the activity of the gene product by drugs.

#### PREPARATION OF POLYNUCLEOTIDES:

DNA which encodes receptor L66 may be obtained, in view of the instant disclosure, by chemical synthesis, by screening reverse transcripts of mRNA from appropriate cells or cell line cultures, by screening genomic libraries from appropriate cells, or by combinations of these procedures, as illustrated below.

Screening of mRNA or genomic DNA may be carried out with oligonucleotide probes generated from the L66 nucleotide sequences information provided herein.

Probes may be labeled with a detectable group such as a fluorescent group, a radioactive atom or a chemiluminescent group in accordance with known procedures and used in conventional hybridization assays, as described in greater detail in the Examples below. Alternatively, the L66 nucleotide sequence may be obtained by use of the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) procedure, with the PCR oligonucleotide primers being produced from the L66 nucleotide sequences provided herein.

Upon purification or synthesis, the nucleic acid according to the invention may be labeled, e.g. for use as a probe.

As single and differential labeling agents and methods, any agents and methods which are known in the art can be used. For example, single and differential labels may consist of the group comprising enzymes such as  $\beta$ -galactosidase, alkaline phosphatase and peroxidase, enzyme substrates, coenzymes, dyes, chromophores, fluorescent, chemiluminescent and bioluminescent labels such as FITC, Cy5, Cy5.5, Cy7, Texas-Red and IRD40 (Chen et al. (1993), J. Chromatog. A 652: 355-360 and Kambara et al. (1992), Electrophoresis 13: 542-546), ligands or haptens such as biotin, and radioactive isotopes such as  $^3\text{H}$ ,  $^{35}\text{S}$ ,  $^{32}\text{P}$ ,  $^{125}\text{I}$  and  $^{14}\text{C}$ .

## EXPRESSION OF THE L66 PROTEIN/POLYPEPTIDE:

The nuclear receptor L66 nucleic acid or polypeptide may be synthesized in host cells transformed with a recombinant expression construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding the nuclear receptor L66.

Such a recombinant expression construct can also be comprised of a vector that is a replicable DNA construct.

- 10 Amplification vectors do not require expression control domains. All that is needed is the ability to replicate in a host, usually conferred by an origin of replication, and a selection gene to facilitate recognition of transformants. See, Sambrook et al., Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (2nd Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Press, New York, 1989).

An expression vector comprises a polynucleotide operatively linked to a prokaryotic promoter. Alternatively, an expression vector is a polynucleotide operatively linked to ~~an enhancer promoter that is a eukaryotic promoter, and the expression vector~~

- 20 further has a polyadenylation signal that is positioned 3' of the carboxy-terminal amino acid and within a transcriptional unit of the encoded polypeptide. A promoter is a region of a DNA molecule typically within about 500 nucleotide pairs in front of (upstream of) the point at which transcription begins (i.e., a transcription start site). In general, a vector contains a replicon and control sequences which are derived from species compatible with the host cell. The vector ordinarily carries a replication site, as well as marking sequences which are capable of providing phenotypic selection in transformed cells.

- Another type of discrete transcription regulatory sequence element is an enhancer. An enhancer provides specificity of time, location and expression level for a particular  
30 encoding region (e.g., gene). A major function of an enhancer is to increase the level of transcription of a coding sequence in a cell.



As used herein, the phrase "enhancer-promoter" means a composite unit that contains both enhancer and promoter elements. An enhancer-promoter is operatively linked to a coding sequence that encodes at least one gene product.

An enhancer-promoter used in a vector construct of the present invention may be any enhancer-promoter that drives expression in a prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell to be transformed/transfected.

10 A coding sequence of an expression vector is operatively linked to a transcription terminating region. RNA polymerase transcribes an encoding DNA sequence through a site where polyadenylation occurs.

An expression vector comprises a polynucleotide that encodes a nuclear receptor L66 polypeptide. Such a polynucleotide is meant to include a sequence of nucleotide bases encoding a nuclear receptor L66 polypeptide sufficient in length to distinguish said segment from a polynucleotide segment encoding a non- nuclear receptor L66 polypeptide.

20 A polypeptide of the invention may also encode biologically functional polypeptides or peptides which have variant amino acid sequences, such as with changes selected based on considerations such as the relative hydropathic score of the amino acids being exchanged.

These variant sequences are those isolated from natural sources or induced in the sequences disclosed herein using a mutagenic procedure such as site-directed mutagenesis.

30 Furthermore, an expression vector of the present invention may contain regulatory elements for optimized translation of the polypeptide in prokaryotic or eukaryotic systems. This sequences are operatively located around the transcription start site and are most likely similar to ribosome recognition sites like prokaryotic ribosome binding sites (RBS) or eukaryotic Kozak sequences as known in the art (Kozak M., Initiation of translation in prokaryotes and eukaryotes. *Gene* 234, 187-208 (1999).

An expression vector of the present invention is useful both as a means for preparing quantities of the nuclear receptor L66 polypeptide-encoding DNA itself, and as a means for preparing the encoded nuclear receptor L66 polypeptide and peptides. It is contemplated that where nuclear receptor L66 polypeptides of the invention are made by recombinant means, one may employ either prokaryotic or eukaryotic expression vectors as shuttle systems.

Where expression of recombinant nuclear receptor L66 polypeptides is desired and a eukaryotic host is contemplated, it is most desirable to employ a vector such as a plasmid, that incorporates a eukaryotic origin of replication. Additionally, for the purposes of expression in eukaryotic systems, one desires to position the nuclear receptor L66 encoding sequence or if desired parts thereof (SEQ ID NO. 1, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 17, and/or 22) adjacent to and under the control of an effective eukaryotic promoter. To bring a coding sequence under control of a promoter, whether it is eukaryotic or prokaryotic, what is generally needed is to position the 5' end of the translation initiation site of the proper translational reading frame of the polypeptide between about 1 and about 2000 nucleotides 3' of or downstream with respect to the promoter chosen.

Furthermore, where eukaryotic expression is anticipated, one would typically desire to incorporate into the transcriptional unit which includes the nuclear receptor L66 polypeptide, an appropriate polyadenylation site.

The invention provides homogeneous compositions of mammalian nuclear receptor L66 polypeptide produced by transformed prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells as provided herein. Such homogeneous compositions are intended to be comprised of mammalian nuclear receptor L66 protein that comprises at least 90% of the protein in such homogeneous composition. The invention also provides membrane preparation from cells expressing mammalian nuclear receptor L66 polypeptide as the result of transformation with a recombinant expression construct, as described here.

Within the scope of the present invention the terms recombinant protein or coding sequence both also include tagged versions of the protein depicted in SEQ ID NO. 3, 19 and/or 22, and/or encoded by the nucleic acids according to the invention and

fusion proteins of said proteins or parts thereof such as splice variants with any other recombinant protein. Tagged versions here means that small epitopes of 3-20 amino acids are added to the original protein by extending the coding sequence either at the 5' or the 3' terminus leading to N-terminal or C-terminal extended proteins respectively, or that such small epitopes are included elsewhere in the protein. The same applies for fusion proteins where the added sequences are coding for longer proteins, varying between 2 and 100 kDa. Tags and fusion proteins are usually used to facilitate purification of recombinant proteins by specific antibodies or affinity matrices or to increase solubility of recombinant proteins within the expression host.

- 10 Fusion proteins are also of major use as essential parts of yeast two hybrid screens for interaction partners of recombinant proteins.

Tags used in the scope of the present invention may include but are not limited to the following: EEF (alpha Tubulin), B-tag (QYPALT), E tag (GAPVPYDPLEPR) c-myc Tag (EQKLISEEDL), Flag epitope (DYKDDDDK, HA tag (YPYDVPDYA), 6 or 10 x His Tag, HSV (QPELAPEDPED), Pk-Tag (GKPIPNPLLGLDST), protein C (EDQVDPRLLIDGK), T7 (MASMTGGQQMG), VSV-G (YTDIEMNRLGK), Fusion proteins may include Thioredoxin, Glutathiontransferase (GST), Maltose binding Protein (MBP), Cellulose Binding protein (CBD), chitin binding protein, ubiquitin, the

20 Fc part of Immunoglobulins, and the IgG binding domain of *Staphylococcus aureus* protein A. These examples of course are illustrative and not limiting and the standard amino acid one letter code was used above.

For expression of recombinant proteins in living cells or organisms, vector constructs harboring recombinant L66 nuclear receptor as set forth in SEQ ID NO. 1 or 17 are transformed or transfected into appropriate host cells. Preferably, a recombinant host cell of the present invention is transfected with a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO. 1, 4, 22 or 17.

- 30 Means of transforming or transfecting cells with exogenous polynucleotide such as DNA molecules are well known in the art and include techniques such as calcium-phosphate- or DEAE-dextran-mediated transfection, protoplast fusion, electroporation, liposome mediated transfection, direct microinjection and virus infection (Sambrook et al., 1989).

The most frequently applied technique for transformation of prokaryotic cells is transformation of bacterial cells after treatment with calcium chloride to increase permeability (Dagert & Ehrlich, 1979), but a variety of other methods is also available for one skilled in the art.

10 The most widely used method for transfection of eukaryotic cells is transfection mediated by either calcium phosphate or DEAE-dextran. Although the mechanism remains obscure, it is believed that the transfected DNA enters the cytoplasm of the cell by endocytosis and is transported to the nucleus. Depending on the cell type, up to 90% of a population of cultured cells may be transfected at any one time. Because of its high efficiency, transfection mediated by calcium phosphate or DEAE-dextran is the method of choice for studies requiring transient expression of the foreign nucleic acid in large numbers of cells. Calcium phosphate-mediated transfection is also used to establish cell lines that integrate copies of the foreign DNA, which are usually arranged in head-to-tail tandem arrays into the host cell genome.

~~In the protoplast fusion method, protoplasts derived from bacteria carrying high~~  
20 numbers of copies of a plasmid of interest are mixed directly with cultured mammalian cells. After fusion of the cell membranes (usually with polyethylene glycol), the contents of the bacterium are delivered into the cytoplasm of the mammalian cells and the plasmid DNA is transported to the nucleus. Protoplast fusion is not as efficient as transfection for many of the cell lines that are commonly used for transient expression assays, but it is useful for cell lines in which endocytosis of DNA occurs inefficiently. Protoplast fusion frequently yields multiple copies of the plasmid DNA tandemly integrated into the host chromosome.

The application of brief, high-voltage electric pulses to a variety of mammalian and plant cells leads to the formation of nanometer sized pores in the plasma membrane.  
30 DNA is taken directly into the cell cytoplasm either through these pores or as a consequence of the redistribution of membrane components that accompanies closure of the pores. Electroporation may be extremely efficient and may be used both for transient expression of cloned genes and for establishment of cell lines that carry integrated copies of the gene of interest. Electroporation, in contrast to calcium

phosphate-mediated transfection and protoplast fusion, frequently gives rise to cell lines that carry one, or at most a few, integrated copies of the foreign DNA.

Liposome transfection involves encapsulation of DNA and RNA within liposomes, followed by fusion of the liposomes with the cell membrane. The mechanism of how DNA is delivered into the cell is unclear but transfection efficiencies may be as high as 90%.

10 Direct microinjection of a DNA molecule into nuclei has the advantage of not exposing DNA to cellular compartments such as low-pH endosomes. Microinjection is therefore used primarily as a method to establish lines of cells that carry integrated copies of the DNA of interest.

The use of adenovirus as a vector for cell transfection is well known in the art. Adenovirus vector-mediated cell transfection has been reported for various cells (Stratford-Perricaudet et al., 1992).

A transfected cell may be prokaryotic or eukaryotic, transfection may be transient or stable. Where it is of interest to produce a full length human or mouse L66 protein,  
20 cultured mammalian mouse, or human cells are of particular interest.

In another aspect, the recombinant host cells of the present invention are prokaryotic host cells. In addition to prokaryotes, eukaryotic microbes, such as yeast may also be used illustrative examples for suitable cells and organisms for expression of recombinant proteins are belonging to but not limited to the following examples:

– Insect cells, such as *Drosophila* Sf21, SF9 cells or others, Expression strains of *Escherichia coli*, such as XL1 blue, BRL21, M15, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*, *Hansenlula polymorpha* and *Pichia pastoris* strains, immortalized mammalian cell lines such as AtT-20, VERO and HeLa cells, Chinese  
30 hamster ovary (CHO) cell lines, and W138, BHK, COSM6, COS-7, 293 and MDCK cells, BHK-21 cells, Att 20HeLa cells, HeK 294, T47 D cells and others.

Expression of recombinant proteins within the scope of this invention can also be performed *in vitro*. This may occur by a two step procedure, thereby producing first

mRNA by in vitro transcription of an apt polynucleotide construct followed by in vitro translation with convenient cellular extracts. These cellular extracts may be reticulocyte lysates but are not limited to this type. In vitro transcription may be performed by T7 or SP6 DNA polymerase or any other RNA polymerase which can recognize *per se* or with the help of accessory factors the promoter sequence contained in the recombinant DNA construct of choice. Alternatively one of the recently made available one step coupled transcription/translation systems may be used for in vitro translation of DNA coding for the proteins of this invention, e.g. from Roche Molecular Biochemicals. One illustrative but not limiting example for such a system is the TNT® T7 Quick System by Promega.

Expression of recombinant proteins in transfected cell may occur constitutively or upon induction. Procedures depend on the Cell/vector combination used and are well known in the art. In all cases, transfected cells are maintained for a period of time sufficient for expression of the recombinant L66 nuclear receptor protein. A suitable maintenance time depends strongly on the cell type and organism used and is easily ascertainable by one skilled in the art. Typically, maintenance time is from about 2 hours to about 14 days. For the same reasons and for sake of protein stability and solubility incubation temperatures during maintenance time may vary from 20°C to 42 °C.

Recombinant proteins are recovered or collected either from the transfected cells or the medium in which those cells are cultured. Recovery comprises cell disruption, isolation and purification of the recombinant protein. Isolation and purification techniques for polypeptides are well-known in the art and include such procedures as precipitation, filtration, chromatography, electrophoresis and the like.

In a preferred embodiment, purification includes but is not limited to affinity purification of tagged or non-tagged recombinant proteins. This is a well established robust technique easily adapted to any tagged protein by one skilled in the art. For affinity purification of tagged proteins, small molecules such as glutathione, maltose or chitin, specific proteins such as the IgG binding domain of *Staphylococcus aureus* protein A, antibodies or specific chelates which bind with high affinity to the tag of the recombinant protein are employed. For affinity purification of non-tagged proteins

specific monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies, which were raised against said protein, can be used. Alternatively immobilized specific interactors of said protein may be employed for affinity purification. Interactors include native or recombinant proteins as well as native or artificial specific low molecular weight ligands.

#### CHEMICAL SYNTHESIS OF THE POLYPEPTIDE ACCORDING TO THE INVENTION:

Alternatively, the protein itself may be produced using chemical methods to  
10 synthesize any of the amino acid sequences according to the invention or that is encoded by the nucleotide sequences according to the invention (SEQ ID NO. 1, 4, 17 or 22) and/or a portion thereof and/or splice variants thereof. For example, peptide synthesis can be performed using conventional Merrifield solid phase t-Moc or t-Boc chemistry or various solid-phase techniques (Roberge, J. Y. et al. (1995) Science 269: 202-204) and automated synthesis may be achieved, for example, using the ABI 431A Peptide Synthesizer (Perkin Elmer). The newly synthesized peptide(s) may be substantially purified by preparative high performance liquid chromatography (e.g.,  
Creighton, T. (1983) Proteins, Structures and Molecular Principles, WH Freeman and Co., New York, N.Y.). The composition of the synthetic peptides may be confirmed  
20 by amino acid analysis or sequencing (e.g., the Edman degradation procedure; Creighton, supra). Additionally, the amino acid sequences according to the invention, i.e. SEQ ID NO. 3, 24 or 19 or the sequence that is encoded by SEQ ID NO. 1, 4, 17 or 22 or any part thereof, may be altered during direct synthesis and/or combined using chemical methods with sequences from other proteins, or any part thereof, to produce a variant polypeptide.

#### SCREENING ASSAYS

The invention also concerns a method for screening for agents which are capable of inhibiting the cellular function of the nuclear receptor L66 comprising the steps of  
30 contacting one or more candidate agents with a polypeptide according to the invention, removing unbound agent(s) and detecting whether the agent(s) interact with the polypeptide of the nuclear receptor.

The invention also concerns method for inhibiting the cellular function of the nuclear receptor L66, comprising the steps of contacting a cell with a binding agent of a polypeptide previously identified as outlined herein whereby the cellular function of L66 is inhibited.

Such a binding agent may be an antibody, RNA, an anti-sense oligonucleotide, a ribozyme or one of substances shown below or identified in a respective assay as disclosed herein.

10

In still a further embodiment, the present invention concerns a method for identifying new nuclear receptor inhibitory or stimulatory substances, which may be termed as "candidate substances". It is contemplated that this screening technique proves useful in the general identification of compounds that serve the purpose of inhibiting or stimulating nuclear receptor activity.

In one embodiment of the invention the following substances are disclosed as potential interactors of the nuclear receptor according to the invention:

20 Steroids: dexamethasone-t-butylacetate, RU486, progesterone, 17-alpha-hydroxyprogesterone, 1,16-alpha dimethylpregnenolone, 17-alpha-hydroxypregnenonolone, pregnenonolone, 5beta-pregnane-3,20-dione, pregnenonolone-16-carbonitrile, 5beta-pregnane-3,20-dione, androstanol, corticosterone, dehydroepiandrosterone, dihydroxytestosterone, estradiol, cortisol, cortisone, dihydroxytestosterone.

Other substances: transnonachlor, chlordane, spironolactone, cyproterone acetate, rifampicin, nefipine, diethylstilbestrol, coumesterol, clotrimazole, lovastatin, phenoarbital, pthalic acid, nonylphenol, 1,4-bis(2-(3,5-dichloropyridyloxy1))benzene,

30

This also includes the use of heteromultimeric complexes of the nuclear receptor with other proteins, such as heterodimeric complexes with RXR, or any other binding partner.



Accordingly, in screening assays to identify pharmaceutical agents which affect nuclear receptor activity, it is proposed that compounds isolated from natural sources, such as fungal extracts, plant extracts, bacterial extracts, higher eukaryotic cell extracts, or even extracts from animal sources, or marine, forest or soil samples, may be assayed for the presence of potentially useful pharmaceutical agents.

10 It will be understood that that the pharmaceutical agents to be screened could also be derived from chemical compositions or man-made compounds. The candidate substances can could also include monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies, peptides or proteins, such as those derived from recombinant DNA technology or by other means, including chemical peptide synthesis. The active compounds may include fragments or parts or derivatives of naturally-occurring compounds or may be only found as active combinations of known compounds which are otherwise inactive. We anticipate that such screens will in some cases lead to the isolation of agonists of nuclear receptors, in other cases to the isolation of antagonists. In other instances, substances will be identified that have mixed agonistic and antagonistic effects, or affect nuclear receptors in any other way.

## CELL BASED ASSAYS

20

To identify a candidate substance capable of influencing L66 nuclear receptor activity, one first obtains a recombinant cell line. One designs the cell line in such a way that the activity of the nuclear receptor leads to the expression of a protein which has an easily detectable phenotype ( a reporter), such as luciferase, fluorescent proteins such as green or red fluorescent protein, beta-galactosidase, alpha-galactosidase, beta-lactamase, chloramphenicol-acetyl-transferase, beta-glucuronidase, or any protein which can be detected by a secondary reagent such as an antibody.

30 Methods for detecting proteins using antibodies, such as ELISA assays, are well known to those skilled in the art.

Here, the amount of reporter protein present reflects the transcriptional activity of the nuclear receptor. This recombinant cell line is then screened for the effect of

substances on the expression of the reporters, thus measuring the effect of these substances on the activity of the nuclear receptor. These substances can be derived from natural sources, such as fungal extracts, plant extracts, bacterial extracts, higher eukaryotic cell extracts, or even extracts from animal sources, or marine, forest or soil samples, may be assayed for the presence of potentially useful pharmaceutical agents. It will be understood that that the pharmaceutical agents to be screened may be derived from chemical compositions or man-made compounds.

10 The candidate substances can also include monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies, peptides or proteins, such as those derived from recombinant DNA technology or by other means, including chemical peptide synthesis. The active compounds may include fragments or parts or derivatives of naturally-occurring compounds or may be only found as active combinations of known compounds which are otherwise inactive.

In general the assay comprises, contacting a suitable cell containing a reporter under the control of the L66 nuclear receptor with a test compound, monitoring said host cell for the expression of the reporter gene, wherein expression of the reporter reflects the transcriptional activity of the nuclear receptor L66, and therefore reflects  
20 effects of the compound on the nuclear receptor.

In other embodiments of the invention assays are included where measuring the activity of a dimer of the nuclear receptor L66 and another protein, such as RXR takes place. Further included are assays aiming at the identification of compounds which specifically influence only the monomeric, homodimeric or homomultimeric form of the nuclear receptor, or influencing only multimeric forms of the nuclear receptor. Such assays include measuring the effect of a compound on the nuclear receptor in the absence of a binding partner, and measuring the effect of a compound on the nuclear receptor in the presence of a binding partner, such as  
30 RXR. One skilled in the art will find numerous more assays which are equally covered by the invention.

A cell line where the activity of a nuclear receptor determines the expression of a reporter can be obtained by creating a fusion gene driving the expression of a fusion

protein consisting of the ligand-binding domain of the L66 nuclear receptor fused to the DNA binding domain of a transcription factor with a known specificity for a given DNA sequence (the binding site). This DNA sequence (the binding site) can then be inserted in one or multiple copies before (5') to the promoter driving the expression of the reporter. Transcription factors useful for this approach include bacterial proteins, such as *lexA*, yeast proteins, such as *Gal4*, mammalian proteins such as *NFkappaB* or *NFAT*, the glucocorticoid receptor, the estrogen receptor, or plant proteins. The binding sites for these proteins can all be used in combination with the appropriate transcription factor to generate a useful reporter assay.

10

Another way to screen for inhibitors is to identify binding sites on DNA for the L66 nuclear receptor, and operatively link this binding site to a promoter operatively linked to a reporter gene. Included among others are binding sites for heterodimers of the L66 nuclear receptor with another protein, such as *RXR*.

Furthermore, transgenic animals described in the invention can be used to derive cell lines useful for cellular screening assays.

20

Cell lines useful for such an assay include many different kinds of cells, including prokaryotic, animal, fungal, plant and human cells. Yeast cells can be used in this assay, including *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* and *Schizosaccharomyces pombe* cells.

30

Another way to build cellular assays to measure the effect of compounds is the use of the yeast two hybrid system (see for example see, for example, U.S. Pat. No. 5,283,317; Zervos et al. (1993) *Cell* 72:223-232; Madura et al. (1993) *J. Biol. Chem.* 268:12046-12054; Bartel et al. (1993) *Biotechniques* 14:920-924; Iwabuchi et al. (1993) *Oncogene* 8:1693-1696; PCT Publication No. WO 94/10300, and U.S. Pat. No. 5,667,973), and or possible variants of the basic two hybrid system as discussed e.g in Vidal M, Legrain P, *Nucleic Acids Res.* 1999 Feb 15;27(4):919-29. Briefly, the two hybrid assay relies on reconstituting in vivo a functional transcriptional activator protein from two separate fusion proteins. In particular, the method makes use of chimeric genes which express hybrid proteins. To illustrate, a first hybrid gene comprises the coding sequence for a DNA-binding domain of a transcriptional activator fused in frame to the coding sequence for a T1 polypeptide. The second

hybrid protein encodes a transcriptional activation domain fused in frame to a sample gene from a cDNA library. If the bait and sample hybrid proteins are able to interact, e.g., form a TI-dependent complex, they bring into close proximity the two domains of the transcriptional activator. This proximity is sufficient to cause transcription of a reporter gene which is operably linked to a transcriptional regulatory site responsive to the transcriptional activator, and expression of the reporter gene can be detected and used to score for the interaction of the TI and sample proteins.

10 In such assays, one primarily measures the effect of a compound on a given interaction involving the L66 nuclear receptor and a binding protein. In a preferred embodiment of the invention systems using other hosts such as prokaryotes as *E. coli*, or eukaryotic mammalian cells are described.

Two hybrid systems using hybrid protein fusions with other proteins than transcription factors, including enzymes such as beta-galactosidase or *dihydrofolate reductase* may also be applied. These assays are useful both to monitor the effect of a compound, including peptides, proteins or nucleic acids on an interaction of a nuclear receptor with a given binding partner, as well as to identify novel proteins or nucleic acids interacting with the nuclear receptor.

20

Monitoring the influence of compounds on cells may be applied not only in basic drug screening, but also in clinical trials. In such clinical trials, the expression of a panel of genes may be used as a "read out" of a particular drug's therapeutic effect.

#### CELL-FREE ASSAYS

30 Recombinant forms of the polypeptide according to SEQ ID NO. 3, 24 or 19 or as encoded by the nucleic acids according to the invention can be used in cell-free screening assays aiming at the isolation of compounds affecting the activity of nuclear receptors. In such an assay, the nuclear receptor polypeptide is brought into contact with a substance to test if the substance has an effect on the activity of the L66 receptor.

The detection of an interaction between an agent and a receptor may be accomplished through techniques well-known in the art. These techniques include but are not limited to centrifugation, chromatography, electrophoresis and spectroscopy. The use of isotopically labeled reagents in conjunction with these techniques or alone is also contemplated. Commonly used radioactive isotopes include  $^3\text{H}$ ,  $^{14}\text{C}$ ,  $^{22}\text{Na}$ ,  $^{32}\text{P}$ ,  $^{33}\text{P}$ ,  $^{35}\text{S}$ ,  $^{45}\text{Ca}$ ,  $^{60}\text{Co}$ ,  $^{125}\text{I}$ , and  $^{131}\text{I}$ . Commonly used stable isotopes include  $^2\text{H}$ ,  $^{13}\text{C}$ ,  $^{15}\text{N}$ ,  $^{18}\text{O}$ .

10 For example, if an agent binds to the receptor of the present invention, the binding may be detected by using radiolabeled agent or radiolabeled receptor. Briefly, if radiolabeled agent or radiolabeled receptor is utilized, the agent-receptor complex may be detected by liquid scintillation or by exposure to x-ray film or phosphor-imaging devices.

One way to screen for substances affecting nuclear receptor activity is to measure the effect of the binding of nuclear receptors to ligands, such as cofactors, activators, repressors, DNA, RNA, proteins, antibodies, peptides or other substances, including chemical compounds known to affect receptor activity. Assays measuring the binding of a protein to a ligand are well known in the art, such as ELISA assays, FRET  
20 assays, bandshift assays, plasmon-resonance based assays, scintillation proximity assays, fluorescence polarization assays.

In one example, a mixture containing the L66 polypeptide, effector and candidate substance is allowed to incubate. The unbound effector is separable from any effector/receptor complex so formed. One then simply measures the amount of each (e.g., versus a control to which no candidate substance has been added). This measurement may be made at various time points where velocity data is desired. From this, one determines the ability of the candidate substance to alter or modify the function of the receptor.

30

Numerous techniques are known for separating the effector from effector/receptor complex, and all such methods are intended to fall within the scope of the invention. This includes the use of thin layer chromatographic methods (TLC), HPLC, spectrophotometric, gas chromatographic/mass spectrophotometric or NMR

analyses. Another method of separation is to immobilize one of the binding partners on a solid support, and to wash away any unbound material. It is contemplated that any such technique may be employed so long as it is capable of differentiating between the effector and complex, and may be used to determine enzymatic function such as by identifying or quantifying the substrate and product.

10 A screening assay provides a L66 receptor under conditions suitable for the binding of an agent to the L66 receptor. These conditions include but are not limited to pH, temperature, tonicity, the presence of relevant cofactors, and relevant modifications to the polypeptide such as glycosylation or lipidation. It is contemplated that the receptor can be expressed and utilized in a prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell. The host cell expressing the L66 receptor can be used whole or the receptor can be isolated from the host cell. The L66 receptor can be membrane bound in the membrane of the host cell or it can be free in the cytosol of the host cell. The host cell can also be fractionated into sub-cellular fractions where the receptor can be found. For example, cells expressing the receptor can be fractionated into the nuclei, the endoplasmic reticulum, vesicles, or the membrane surfaces of the cell.

pH is preferably from about a value of 6.0 to a value of about 8.0, more preferably  
20 from about a value of about 6.8 to a value of about 7.8, and most preferably, about 7.4. In a preferred embodiment, temperature is from about 20°C degrees to about 50°C degrees more preferably, from about 30°C degrees to about 40°C degrees and even more preferably about 37°C degrees. Osmolality is preferably from about 5 milliosmols per liter (mosm/L) to about 400 mosm/l, and more preferably, from about 200 milliosmols per liter to about 400 mosm/l and, even more preferably from about 290 mosm/L to about 310 mosm/L. The presence of cofactors can be required for the proper functioning of the L66 receptor. Typical cofactors include sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, and chloride. In addition, small, non-peptide molecules, known as prosthetic groups may also be required. Other biological conditions needed for  
30 receptor function are well-known in the art.

It is well-known in the art that proteins can be reconstituted in artificial membranes, vesicles or liposomes. (Danboldt et al., 1990). The present invention contemplates

that the receptor can be incorporated into artificial membranes, vesicles or liposomes. The reconstituted receptor can be utilized in screening assays.

It is further contemplated that a receptor of the present invention can be coupled to a solid support, e.g., to agarose beads, polyacrylamide beads, polyacrylic, sepharose beads or other solid matrices capable of being coupled to polypeptides. Well-known coupling agents include cyanogen bromide (CNBr), carbonyldiimidazole, tosyl chloride, diaminopimelimidate, and glutaraldehyde.

- 10 In a typical screening assay for identifying candidate substances, one employs the same recombinant expression host as the starting source for obtaining the receptor polypeptide, generally prepared in the form of a crude homogenate. Recombinant cells expressing the receptor are washed and homogenized to prepare a crude polypeptide homogenate in a desirable buffer such as disclosed herein. In a typical assay, an amount of polypeptide from the cell homogenate, is placed into a small volume of an appropriate assay buffer at an appropriate pH. Candidate substances, such as agonists and antagonists, are added to the admixture in convenient concentrations and the interaction between the candidate substance and the receptor polypeptide is monitored.

20

Where one uses an appropriate known substrate for the L66 receptor, one can, in the foregoing manner, obtain a baseline activity for the recombinantly produced L66 receptor. Then, to test for inhibitors or modifiers of the receptor function, one can incorporate into the admixture a candidate substance whose effect on the L66 receptor is unknown. By comparing reactions which are carried out in the presence or absence of the candidate substance, one can then obtain information regarding the effect of the candidate substance on the normal function of the receptor.

30

Accordingly, this aspect of the present invention will provide those of skill in the art with methodology that allows for the identification of candidate substances having the ability to modify the action of nuclear receptor polypeptides in one or more manners.

Additionally, screening assays for the testing of candidate substances are designed to allow the determination of structure-activity relationships of agonists or antagonists

with the receptors, e.g., comparisons of binding between naturally-occurring hormones or other substances capable of interacting with or otherwise modulating the receptor; or comparison of the activity caused by the binding of such molecules to the receptor.

10 In certain aspects, the polypeptides of the invention are crystallized in order to carry out x-ray crystallographic studies as a means of evaluating interactions with candidate substances or other molecules with the nuclear receptor polypeptide. For instance, the purified recombinant polypeptides of the invention, when crystallized in a suitable form, are amenable to detection of intra-molecular interactions by x-ray crystallography. In another aspect, the structure of the polypeptides can be determined using nuclear magnetic resonance.

#### PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION:

This invention provides a pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of a agonist or antagonist drug identified by the method described herein and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. Such drugs and carrier can be administered by various routes, for example oral, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or  
20 intracerebral. The preferred route of administration would be oral at daily doses of about 0.01 -100 mg/kg.

This invention provides a method of treating metabolic disorders, immunological indications, hormonal dysfunctions, neurosystemic diseases wherein the abnormality  
- is improved by reducing the activity of L66 receptor or blocking the binding of ligands to a L66 receptor, which method comprises administering an effective amount of the antagonist-containing pharmaceutical composition described above to suppress the subject's appetite. Similarly, the invention also provides methods for treating diseases and conditions resulting from metabolic disorders, immunological  
30 indications, hormonal dysfunctions, neurosystemic diseases, which method comprises administering an effective amount of an agonist-containing pharmaceutical composition described above.



## TRANSFORMATION OF CELLS AND DRUG SCREENING :

The recombinant expression constructs of the present invention are useful in molecular biology to transform cells which do not ordinarily express L66 to thereafter express this receptor.

Such cells are useful as intermediates for making cellular preparations useful for receptor binding assays, which are in turn useful for drug screening. Drugs identified from such receptor assays can be used for the treatment of metabolic disorders, immunological indications, hormonal dysfunctions, and/or neurosystemic diseases.

The recombinant expression constructs of the present invention are also useful in gene therapy. Cloned genes of the present invention, or fragments thereof, may also be used in gene therapy carried out by homologous recombination or site-directed mutagenesis. See generally Thomas & Capecchi, Cell 51, 503-512 (1987); Bertling, Bioscience Reports 7, 107-112 (1987); Smithies et al., Nature 317, 230-234 (1985).

Oligonucleotides of the present invention are useful as diagnostic tools for probing L66 expression in tissues. For example, tissues are probed *in situ* with oligonucleotide probes carrying detectable groups by conventional autoradiographic techniques, as explained in greater detail in the Examples below, to investigate native expression of this receptor or pathological conditions relating thereto. Further, chromosomes can be probed to investigate the presence or absence of the L66, and potential pathological conditions related thereto, as also illustrated by the Examples below. Probes according to the invention should generally be at least about 15 nucleotides in length to prevent binding to random sequences, but, under the appropriate circumstances may be smaller (see above for details on hybridization).

## ANTIBODIES AGAINST THE L66 NUCLEAR RECEPTOR PROTEIN OR POLYPEPTIDE

Another aspect of the invention includes an antibody specifically reactive with the protein or any part of the protein according to the invention (SEQ ID NO. 3, 24 or 19)

and or a polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence of the nuclear receptor L66 (see also figures). (The term „antibody“ refers to intact molecules as well as fragments thereof, such as Fa, F(ab).sub.2, and Fv, which are capable of binding the epitopic determinant.) By using immunogens derived from the polypeptide according to the invention (SEQ ID NO. 3, 24, 19) and/or encoded by the nucleic acids according to the invention, anti-protein/anti-peptide antisera or monoclonal antibodies can be made by standard protocols (E. Howell & D. Lane. *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (1988)).

- 10 A polyclonal antibody is prepared by immunizing a mammal, such as a mouse, a hamster or rabbit with an immunogenic form of the polypeptide, i.e. the human L66 polypeptide of the present invention, and collecting antisera from that immunized animal. Because of the relatively large blood volume of rabbits, a rabbit is a preferred choice for production of polyclonal antibodies.

As an immunizing antigen, fusion proteins, intact polypeptides or fragments containing small peptides of interest can be used. They can be derived by expression from a cDNA transfected in a host cell with subsequent recovering of the

- protein/peptide or peptides can be synthesized chemically (e.g. oligopeptides with  
20 10-15 residues in length). Important tools for monitoring the function of the gene according to the present invention, i.e. encoded by a sequence according to SEQ ID NO. 1, 4, 24 or 17 (or portions thereof or splice variants thereof) are antibodies against various domains of the protein according to the invention. Various Oligopeptides from the N- and C-terminal sequences and the DBD/hinge region of the protein can be used as antigens.

- A given polypeptide or polynucleotide may vary in its immunogenicity. It is often necessary to couple the immunogen (e.g. the polypeptide) with a carrier. Commonly used carriers that are chemically coupled to peptides include bovine serum albumin  
30 (BSA) and keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH). The coupled peptide is then used to immunize the animal in the presence of an adjuvant, a non-specific stimulator of the immune response in order to enhance immunogenicity. The production of polyclonal antibodies is monitored by detection of antibody titers in plasma or serum at various time points following immunization. Standard ELISA or other immunoassays can be

used with the immunogen as antigen to assess the levels of antibodies. When a desired level of immunogenicity is obtained, the immunized animal may be bled and the serum isolated, stored and purified.

To produce monoclonal antibodies, antibody-producing cells (e.g. spleen cells) from an immunized animal (preferably mouse or rat) are fused by standard somatic cell fusion procedures with immortalizing cells such as myeloma cells to yield hybridoma cells. Where the immunized animal is a mouse, a preferred myeloma cell is the murine NS-1 myeloma cell. Such techniques are well known in the art, and include, 10 for example, the hybridoma technique (originally developed by Kohler & Milstein. *Nature* 256: 495-497 (1975)), the human B cell hybridoma technique (Kozbar *et al. Immunology Today* 4:72 (1983)), and the EBV-hybridoma technique to produce human monoclonal antibodies (Cole *et al. Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy. Alan R. Liss, Inc. pp. 77-96 (1985)).*

The fused spleen/myeloma cells are cultured in a selective medium to select fused spleen/myeloma cells from the parental cells. Fused cells are separated from the ~~mixture of non-fused parental cells, for example, by the addition of agents that block~~ the *de novo* synthesis of nucleotides in the tissue culture media. This culturing 20 provides a population of hybridomas from which specific hybridomas are selected. Typically, selection of hybridomas is performed by culturing the cells by single-clone dilution in microtiter plates, followed by testing the individual clonal supernatants for reactivity with an antigen-polypeptide. The selected clones may then be propagated indefinitely to provide the monoclonal antibody in convenient quantity.

The creation of antibodies which specifically bind the polypeptide according to the invention (SEQ ID NO. 3, 24 or 19) and/or encoded by the nucleotide sequence of the nuclear receptor L66 or its complement (SEQ ID NO. 1, 4, 17 or 22) provides an important utility in immunolocalization studies, and may play an important role in the 30 diagnosis and treatment of receptor disorders. The antibodies may be employed to identify tissues, organs, and cells which express or the nuclear receptor L66. Antibodies can be used diagnostically in immuno-precipitation and immuno-blotting to detect and evaluate nuclear receptor L66 protein levels in tissue or from cells in bodily fluid as part of a clinical testing procedure.

Monoclonal antibodies provided by the present invention are also produced by recombinant genetic methods well known to those of skill in the art, and the present invention encompasses antibodies made by such methods that are immunologically reactive with an epitope of a mammalian nuclear L66 receptor protein or peptide.

The present invention encompasses fragments of the antibody that are immunologically reactive with an epitope of a mammalian nuclear L66 receptor protein or peptide. Such fragments are produced by any number of methods, including but not limited to proteolytic cleavage, chemical synthesis or preparation of such fragments by means of genetic engineering technology. The present invention also encompasses single-chain antibodies that are immunologically reactive with an epitope of a mammalian nuclear L66 receptor protein or peptide made by methods known to those of skilled in the art.

#### CHIMERIC ANTIBODIES AND OTHER TYPES OF ANTIBODIES:

The invention also includes chimeric antibodies comprised of light chain and heavy chain peptides immunologically reactive to an epitope that is a mammalian nuclear L66 receptor protein or peptide. The chimeric antibodies embodied in the present invention include those that are derived from naturally occurring antibodies as well as chimeric antibodies made by means of genetic engineering technology well known to those of skill in the art.

Also included are methods for the generation of antibodies against L66 which rely on the use of phage display systems and related systems, such as described in Hoogenboom HR, de Bruine AP, Hufton SE, Hoet RM, Arends JW, Roovers RC, Immunotechnology 1998 Jun;4(1):1-20, and references therein.

#### 30 EPITOPES OF THE L66 NUCLEAR RECEPTOR

The present invention also encompasses an epitope of a mammalian nuclear L66 receptor protein or peptide that is comprised of sequences and/or a conformation of

sequences present in the mammalian nuclear L66 receptor protein or peptide molecule. This epitope may be naturally occurring, or may be the result of proteolytic cleavage of the mammalian nuclear L66 receptor protein or peptide molecule and isolation of an epitope-containing peptide or may be obtained by synthesis of an epitope-containing peptide using method of genetic engineering technology and synthesized by genetically engineered prokaryotic or eukaryotic cells.

#### ANTISENSE OLIGONUCLEOTIDES AGAINST L66

- 10 Antisense oligonucleotides are short single stranded DNA or RNA molecules which may be used to block the availability of the L66 receptor messenger. Synthetic derivatives of ribonucleotides or deoxyribonucleotides and/or PNAs (see above) are equally possible.

The sequence of an antisense oligonucleotide is at least partially complementary to the sequence (or the gene) of interest. The complementarity of the sequence is in any case high enough to enable the antisense oligonucleotide to bind to the nucleic acid according to the invention or parts thereof. Many examples exist in which the binding of oligonucleotides to the target sequence interfere with the biological

- 20 function of the targeted sequence (Brysch W, Schlingensiepen KH, Design and application of antisense oligonucleotides in cell culture, in vivo, and as therapeutic agents, Cell Mol Neurobiol 1994 Oct;14(5):557-68; Wagner RW, Gene inhibition using antisense oligodeoxynucleotides, Nature 1994 Nov 24;372(6504):333-5 or Brysch W, Magal E, Louis JC, Kunst M, Klinger I, Schlingensiepen R, Schlingensiepen KH Inhibition of p185c-erbB-2 proto-oncogene expression by antisense oligodeoxynucleotides down-regulates p185-associated tyrosine-kinase activity and strongly inhibits mammary tumor-cell proliferation, Cancer Gene Ther 1994 Jun;1(2):99-105 or Monia BP, Johnston JF, Ecker DJ, Zounes MA, Lima WF, Freier SM Selective inhibition of mutant Ha-ras mRNA expression by antisense
- 30 oligonucleotides, J Biol Chem 1992 Oct 5;267(28):19954-62 or Bertram J, Palfner K, Killian M, Brysch W, Schlingensiepen KH, Hiddemann W, Kneba M, Reversal of multiple drug resistance in vitro by phosphorothioate oligonucleotides and ribozymes, Anticancer Drugs 1995 Feb;6(1):124-34)

This interference occurs in most instances at the level of translation, *i.e.* through the inhibition of the translational machinery by oligonucleotides that bind to mRNA, however, two other mechanisms of interference with a given gene's function by oligonucleotides can also be envisioned, (i) the functional interference with the transcription of a gene through formation of a triple helix at the level of genomic DNA and the interference of oligonucleotides with the function of RNA molecules that are executing at least part of their biological function in the untranslated form

(Kochetkova M, Shannon MF, Triplex-forming oligonucleotides and their use in the analysis of gene transcription. *Methods Mol Biol* 2000;130:189-201 Rainer B. Lanzl, Neil J. McKenna<sup>1</sup>, Sergio A. Onate<sup>1</sup>, Urs Albrecht<sup>2</sup>, Jiemin Wong<sup>1</sup>, Sophia Y. Tsai<sup>1</sup>, Ming-Jer Tsai<sup>1</sup>, and Bert W. O'Malley A Steroid Receptor Coactivator, SRA, Functions as an RNA and Is Present in an SRC-1 Complex Cell, Vol. 97, 17-27, April, 1999).

Antisense oligonucleotides can be conjugated to different other molecules in order to deliver them to the cell or tissue expressing L66. For instance the antisense oligonucleotide can be conjugated to a carrier protein (*e.g.* ferritin) in order to direct the oligonucleotide towards the desired target tissue, *i.e.* in case of ferritin predominantly to the liver.

Antisense expression constructs are expression vector systems that allow the expression – either inducible or uninducible - of a complementary sequence to the L66 sequences according to the invention. The potential possibility of such an approach has been demonstrated in many different model systems (von Ruden T, Gilboa E, Inhibition of human T-cell leukemia virus type I replication in primary human T cells that express antisense RNA, *J Virol* 1989 Feb;63(2):677-82; Nemir M, Bhattacharyya D, Li X, Singh K, Mukherjee AB, Mukherjee BB, Targeted inhibition of osteopontin expression in the mammary gland causes abnormal morphogenesis and lactation deficiency, *J Biol Chem* 2000 Jan 14;275(2):969-76; Ma L, Gauville C, Berthois Y, Millot G, Johnson GR, Calvo F. Antisense expression for amphiregulin suppresses tumorigenicity of a transformed human breast epithelial cell line, *Oncogene* 1999 Nov 11;18(47):6513-20; Refolo LM, Eckman C, Prada CM, Yager D, Sambamurti K, Mehta N, Hardy J, Younkin SG, Antisense-induced reduction of presenilin 1 expression selectively increases the production of amyloid beta<sub>42</sub> in

transfected cells, J Neurochem 1999 Dec;73(6):2383-8; Buckley NJ, Abogadie FC, Brown DA, Dayrell M, Caulfield MP, Delmas P, Haley JE, Use of antisense expression plasmids to attenuate G-protein expression in primary neurons, Methods Enzymol 2000;314:136-48).

According to the invention an antisense expression construct can be constructed with virtually any expression vector capable of fulfilling at least the basic requirements known to those skilled in the art.

- 10 In one embodiment of the invention retroviral expression systems or tissue specific gene expression systems are preferred.

Current standard technologies for delivering antisense constructs are performed through a conjugation of constructs with liposomes and related, complex-forming compounds, which are transferred via electroporation techniques or via particle-mediated "gene gun" technologies into the cell. Other techniques may be envisioned by one skilled in the art.

- 20 Microinjection still plays a major role in most gene transfer techniques for the generation of germ-line mutants expressing foreign DNA (including antisense RNA constructs) and is preferred embodiment of the present invention.

#### RIBOZYMES DIRECTED AGAINST L66

- 30 Ribozymes are either RNA molecules (Gibson SA, Pellenz C, Hutchison RE, Davey FR, Shillito EJ, Induction of apoptosis in oral cancer cells by an anti-bcl-2 ribozyme delivered by an adenovirus vector, Clin Cancer Res 2000 Jan;6(1):213-22; Folini M, Colella G, Villa R, Lualdi S, Daidone MG, Zaffaroni N, Inhibition of Telomerase Activity by a Hammerhead Ribozyme Targeting the RNA Component of Telomerase in Human Melanoma Cells, J Invest Dermatol 2000 Feb;114(2):259-267; Halatsch ME, Schmidt U, Botefur IC, Holland JF, Ohnuma T, Marked inhibition of glioblastoma target cell tumorigenicity in vitro by retrovirus-mediated transfer of a hairpin ribozyme against deletion-mutant epidermal growth factor receptor messenger RNA, J Neurosurg 2000 Feb;92(2):297-305; Ohmichi T, Kool ET, The virtues of self-binding:

high sequence specificity for RNA cleavage by self-processed hammerhead ribozymes, *Nucleic Acids Res* 2000 Feb 1;28(3):776-783) or DNA molecules (Li J, Zheng W, Kwon AH, Lu Y, In vitro selection and characterization of a highly efficient Zn(II)-dependent RNA-cleaving deoxyribozyme; *Nucleic Acids Res* 2000 Jan 15;28(2):481-488) that have catalytic activity. The catalytic activity located in one part of the RNA (or DNA) molecule can be "targeted" to a specific sequence of interest by fusing the enzymatically active RNA molecule sequence with a short stretch of RNA (or DNA) sequence that is complementary to the L66 transcript. Such a construct will, when introduced into a cell either physically or via gene transfer of a ribozyme expression construct find the L66 sequence (our sequence of interest) and bind via its sequence-specific part to said sequence. The catalytic activity attached to the construct, usually associated with a special nucleic acid structure (people distinguish so called "hammerhead" structures and "hairpin" structures), will then cleave the targeted RNA. The targeted mRNA will be destroyed and cannot be translated efficiently, thus the protein encoded by the mRNA derived from L66 will not be expressed or at least will be expressed at significantly reduced amounts.

In a preferred embodiment the invention covers inducible ribozyme constructs (Koizumi M, Soukup GA, Ken JN, Breaker RR, Allosteric selection of ribozymes that respond to the second messengers cGMP and cAMP, *Nat Struct Biol* 1999 Nov;6(11):1062-1071).

In a further preferred embodiment the invention concerns the use of "bivalent" ribozymes (multimers of catalytically active nucleic acids) as described in (Hamada M, Kuwabara T, Warashina M, Nakayama A, Taira K, Specificity of novel allosterically trans- and cis-activated connected maxizymes that are designed to suppress BCR-ABL expression *FEBS Lett* 1999 Nov 12;461(1-2):77-85).

#### TRANSGENIC ANIMALS CARRYING THE L66 NUCLEAR RECEPTOR

Also provided by the present invention are non-human transgenic animals grown from germ cells transformed with the L66 nucleic acid sequence according to the invention and that express the L66 receptor according to the invention and offspring and descendants thereof. Also provided are transgenic non-human mammals



comprising a homologous recombination knockout of the native L66 receptor, as well as transgenic non-human mammals grown from germ cells transformed with nucleic acid antisense to the L66 nucleic acid of the invention and offspring and descendants thereof. Further included as part of the present invention are transgenic animals which the native L66 receptor has been replaced with the human homolog. Of course, offspring and descendants of all of the foregoing transgenic animals are also encompassed by the invention.

Transgenic animals according to the invention can be made using well known techniques with the nucleic acids disclosed herein. E.g., Leder et al., U.S. Patent Nos. 4,736,866 and 5,175,383; Hogan et al., *Manipulating the Mouse Embryo, A Laboratory Manual* (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory (1986)); Capecchi, *Science* 244, 1288 (1989); Zimmer and Gruss, *Nature* 338, 150 (1989); Kuhn et al., *Science* 269, 1427 (1995); Katsuki et al., *Science* 241, 593 (1988); Hasty et al., *Nature* 350, 243 (1991); Stacey et al., *Mol. Cell Biol.* 14, 1009 (1994); Hanks et al., *Science* 269, 679 (1995); and Marx, *Science* 269, 636 (1995). Such transgenic animals are useful for screening for and determining the physiological effects of L66 receptor agonists and antagonist.

Consequently, such transgenic animals are useful for developing drugs to regulate physiological activities in which L66 participates.

The following examples are provided for illustrative purposes only and are not intended, nor should they be construed, as limiting the invention in any manner.

#### MODELLING OF THE STRUCTURE OF L66

The novel nuclear receptor sequences disclosed herein may be used for various in silico, i.e. computer analyses. Such analyses may be for example nuclear receptor specific sequence alignments which permit the identification of domains and even new receptors. The novel domain sequences disclosed herein may be used in order to create domain specific hidden markov models (hmms) or simply as search sequences.

In a preferred embodiment this similarity search tool is the BLAST algorithm.( Altschul, Stephen F., Warren Gish, Webb Miller, Eugene W. Myers, and David J. Lipman (1990). Basic local alignment search tool. J. Mol. Biol. 215:403-10 and the sequence used is one of those disclosed herein.

Another search tool that may be used is FASTA (W. R. Pearson and D. J. Lipman (1988), "Improved Tools for Biological Sequence Analysis", PNAS 85:2444- 2448, and W. R. Pearson (1990) "Rapid and Sensitive Sequence Comparison with FASTP  
10 and FASTA" Methods in Enzymology 183:63- 98).

The invention is not limited to one particular type of search tool. In one embodiment of the invention search tools are used that do not search by sequence similarity but by applying sequence profiles such as a profile generated when applying the Profile Hidden Markov Model.

Profile Hidden Markov Models also called „Hidden Markov Models“, here abbreviated  
~~as HMM, are statistical models~~ representing the consensus of the primary structure  
of a sequence family. The profiles use scores specific of the position of amino acids  
20 (or nucleotides) and position specific scores for the opening or the expansion of an  
insertion or deletion. Methods for the creation of profiles, starting from multiple  
alignments, have been introduced by Taylor (1986), Gribskov et al. (1987), Barton  
(1990) and Heinikoff (1996).

HMMs provide an utterly probabilistic description of profiles, *i.e.* Bayes' theory rules  
the positioning of all probability (evaluation) parameters (compare Krogh et al. 1994,  
Eddy 1996 und Eddy 1998). The central idea behind this is that a HMM is a finite  
model describing the probability distribution of an infinite number of possible  
sequences. The HMM consists of a number of states corresponding with the columns  
30 of a multiple alignment as it is usually depicted. Each state emits symbols  
(remainders) corresponding with the probability of the symbol emission (specific of  
the respective state), and the states are linked with each other by probabilities of the  
changing of states. Starting from one specific state, a succession of states is  
generated by changing from one state to the other in accordance with the probability

of the changing of states, until a final state has been reached. Each state then emits symbols according to the probability distribution of emissions specific of this state, creating an observable sequence of symbols.

The attribute „hidden“ has been derived from the fact that the underlying sequence of states cannot be observed. Only the sequence of symbols is visible. An assessment of the probabilities of changing of states and of emissions (the training of the model) is achieved by dynamic programming algorithms implemented in the HMMER package.

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The sequences according to the invention may be aligned with other nuclear receptor sequences in order to create a multiple sequence alignment which is used as the basis for the creation of a HMM.

If an existing HMM and a sequence are given, the probability that the HMM could generate the sequence in question, can be calculated. The HMMER package provides a numerical quantity (the Score) in proportion to this probability, *i.e.* the information content of the sequence indicated as bits, measured according to the HMM.

20

See also Barton, G.J. (1990): Protein multiple alignment and flexible pattern matching, *Methods Enzymol.* 183: 403-427, Eddy, S.R. (1996): Hidden markov models. *Curr. Opin. Strct. Biol.* 6: 361-365, Eddy, S.R. (1998): Profile hidden markov models. *Bioinformatics.* 14: 755-763, Gribskov, M. McLachlan, A.D. und Eisenberg D. (1987): Profile analysis: Detection of distantly related proteins. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA.* 84: 4355-5358, Heinikoff, S. (1996): Scores for sequence searches and alignment, *Curr. Opin. Strct. Biol.* 6: 353-360, Krogh, A., Brown, M., Mian, I.S., Sjolander, K. und Haussler, D. (1994): Hidden markov models in computational biology: Applications to protein modelling. *J. Mol. Biol.* 235: 1501-1531, Taylor, W.R. (1986): Identification of protein sequence homology by consensus template alignment. *J. Mol. Biol.* 188: 233-258.

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In general the sequence are selected such that a query using a search sequence returns a result consisting of sequences which are at least to a certain degree similar to the query sequence.

In one embodiment of the invention amino acid sequences of the present invention are used to model the three-dimensional structure of the protein. Initially, this involves the comparison of the protein sequence with the sequence of related proteins where the structure is known, such as the human PPAR $\gamma$  ligand-binding domain (Nolte RT, Wisely GB, Westin S, Cobb JE, Lambert MH, Kurokawa R, Rosenfeld MG, Willson TM, Glass CK, Milburn MV, Nature 1998 Sep 10;395(6698):137-43). The three-dimensionale structure can then be modelled using computer programs. From the three-dimensional structure, binding sites of potential inhibitors or activators can be predicted. It can further be predicted which kinds of molecule might bind there. The predicted substances can then be screened to test their effect on nuclear receptor activity.

## EXAMPLES

### EXAMPLE 1: CLONING AND EXPRESSION OF THE GENE ACCORDING TO THE INVENTION

Construction of suitable vectors containing the desired coding and control sequences employs standard ligation and restriction techniques that are well understood in the art. Isolated plasmids, DNA sequences, were synthesized oligonucleotides were cleaved, tailored, and religated in the form desired.

Site-specific DNA cleavage was performed by treatment with the suitable restriction enzyme (or enzymes) under conditions that are generally understood in the art, and the particulars of which are specified by the manufacturer of these commercially available restriction nzymes.

See, e.g., New England Biolabs, Product Catalog. In general, about 1  $\mu$ g of plasmid and/or DNA sequence was cleaved by one unit of enzyme in about 20  $\mu$ l of buffer

solution. Often excess of restriction enzyme was used to ensure complete digestion of the DNA substrate. Incubation times of about one hour to two hours at about 37°C are workable, although variations are tolerable.

After each incubation, protein was removed by extraction with phenol/chloroform, and may be followed by ether extraction. The nucleic acid was recovered from aqueous fractions by precipitation with ethanol. If desired, size separation of the cleaved fragments was performed by polyacrylamide gel or agarose gel electrophoresis using standard techniques. A general description of size separations is found in Methods in Enzymology 65, 499-560 (1980).

Transformed host cells are cells which have been transformed or transfected with recombinant expression constructs made using recombinant DNA techniques and comprising mammalian nuclear receptor L66 encoding sequences. Preferred host cells for transient transfection are COS-7 cells. Transformed host cells may ordinarily express nuclear receptor L66, but host cells transformed for purposes of cloning or amplifying nucleic acid hybridization probe DNA need not express the nuclear L66 receptor. When expressed, the mammalian nuclear L66 receptor protein was typically located in the host cell membrane.

Cultures of cells derived from multicellular organisms are desirable hosts for recombinant nuclear receptor L66 protein synthesis. In principal, any higher eukaryotic cell culture is workable, whether from vertebrate or invertebrate culture. However, mammalian cells are preferred. Propagation of such cells in cell culture has become a routine procedure. See Tissue Culture (Academic Press, Kruse & Patterson, Eds., 1973). Examples of useful host cell lines are bacteria cells, insect cells, yeast cells, human 293 cells, VERO and HeLa cells, LMTK- cells, and WI138, BHK, COS-7, CV, and MDCK cell lines. Human 293 cells are preferred.

#### EXAMPLE 2: NUCLEAR RECEPTOR L66 TISSUE LOCALIZATION:

A multiple tissue northern blot (Clontech, Palo Alto) was hybridized to a labeled probe. The blot contained about 0.3 to 3 µg of poly A RNA derived from various tissues. Hybridization was carried out in a hybridization solution such as one

containing SSC (see Maniatis et al, *ibid*) at an optimized temperature between 50°C and 70°C, preferably 65°C. The filter was washed and a film exposed for signal detection (see also: Maniatis et al., *Molecular Cloning: A laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, N.Y.(1989)).

### EXAMPLE 3: NUCLEAR RECEPTOR L66 cDNA ISOLATION FROM HUMAN AND OTHER ORGANISMS:

- 10 A cloning strategy was used to clone the L66 receptor cDNA from specific cDNA libraries (Clontech, Palo Alto) or alternatively, RNA was obtained from various tissues and used to prepare cDNA expression libraries by using for example an Invitrogen kit. (Invitrogen Corporation, San Diego). For the isolation of the L66 cDNA clone the chosen library was screened under stringent condition (see definitions above) by using an L66 specific probe. The cDNA insert of positive clones was subsequently sequenced and cloned in a suitable expression vector.

- Additionally, full length receptor L66 clones from human and mouse (*Mus musculus*) was obtained by using RACE PCR technology. In brief, suitable cDNA libraries were
- 20 constructed or purchased. Following reverse transcription, the first strand cDNA was used directly in RACE PCR reactions using a RACE cDNA amplification kit according to the manufactures protocol (Clontech, Palo Alto). Amplified fragments were purified, cloned and subsequently used for sequence analysis.

- To obtain information about the genomic organization (see also figures) of the receptor gene, genomic libraries were screened (commercially available clone libraries were used) with a receptor specific probe under stringent conditions. Positive clones were isolated and the complete DNA sequence of the putative receptor region was determined by sequence analysis (Maniatis et al., *Molecular*
- 30 *Cloning: A laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, N.Y.(1989)) (human genomic clone deposited at "Deutsche sammlung von Mikroorganismen und Zellkulturen GmbH (DSMZ, International Depositary Authority under the Budapest Treaty in Germany) under number DSM 14483).

**EXAMPLE 4: NUCLEAR RECEPTOR L66 LIGAND BINDING ASSAY:**

Saturation ligand binding analysis and ligand competition studies are carried out by using an over expressed L66 receptor-protein which is incubated with a labeled potential ligand at different concentrations. The L66 receptor may be immobilized on suitable surfaces. Various competitors are added in the presence of a labeled ligand. Bound and unbound ligand is separated by using e.g. gel filtration or charcoal based methods or simply removed by a washing step if the receptor protein L66 is  
10 immobilized. Receptor-bound ligand is detected by scintillation counting.

**EXAMPLE 5: NUCLEAR RECEPTOR L66 EXPRESSION ASSAY:**

Relative quantification was performed in multiplex PCR reactions using the ABI PRISM® 7700 Sequence Detection System. Total RNA was used as template and was either ordered from Clontech or Ambion in the case of human normal tissue or was isolated from cell lines that were ordered from the DSMZ (German Collection of  
Microorganisms and Cell Cultures).

20 Relative quantification was achieved by normalising the results for the presence of 18S rRNA in the samples and subsequently by standardising the corresponding expression data to the expression levels detected in testis (testis = 1). A standard curve was generated by diluting total RNA from testis tissue 1:10 fold, starting from 100 ng input amount and performing 7 dilution steps. For the detection of target mRNA in other samples the input amount was always 100 ng total RNA, samples were measured in triplicates.

For the detection of 18S rRNA the endogenous control pre-developed assay reagent "Ribosomal RNA control (18S rRNA)" from Applied biosystems was used. For the  
30 detection of the target sequence, PCR primers and the probe were designed according to Applied biosystem's specifications using its Primer Express® software. PCR primers were ordered from Interactiva (forward primer (SEQ ID NO. 14): CGT GGG CTA ATG AAT TTT ACC AAG; reverse primer (SEQ ID NO. 15): GGC CCC

ATG GAG AAA TAT CAC T). The probe (SEQ ID NO. 16) CCA ATG AGG ATC AAA CTG CAC TAC AGA AGG G was ordered from Applied Biosystems and was labelled with FAM at the 5' end and contained a quencher (TAMRA) at the 3' end.

#### EXAMPLE 6: FORMATION OF L66-RXR OR OTHER PROTEIN COMPLEXES

In order to explore the functional properties of L66, the DNA binding properties of L66 are analyzed. It has previously been shown that RXR is a common heterodimeric partner of various members of the nuclear receptor superfamily required for high affinity DNA binding (Hallenbeck et al., PNAS 89: 5572-5576 (1989)), Kliewer et al., EMBO J. 11: 1419-1435 (1992)). It has also been shown that DNA and ligand binding activities of the Dros. melanogaster ecdyson receptor (EcR) require heterodimer formation with RXR or USP (the homologue of RXR) (O'Malley in Endocrinology 125: 1119-1120 (1989)).

Consequently, it is of interest whether L66 can interact with RXR, or with other members of the family.

A two hybrid system is used. CV-1 cells are transiently transfected with cytomegalovirus promoter driven expression vectors containing the yeast GAL4 DNA binding domain (DBD) alone, GAL4 linked to L66 LBD (LBD; i.e. GAL4-L66) and the 78 amino acid Herpes virus VP16 transactivation domain (VP) linked to the amon terminal end of the LBDs for human (or mouse) RXR $\alpha$  (VP-RXR), mouse PPARgamma (VP-PPAR) VDR (VP-VDR) and others.

All cells are cotransfected with a luciferase reporter construct containing about 4 copies of the yeast GAL4 upstream activating sequence and a  $\beta$ -galactosidase expression vector as internal control.

CV-1 cells are grown in DMEM supplemented with 10% AG1-X8 resin-charcoal stripped calf bovine serum, 50 U/ml penicillin G and 50  $\mu$ g/ml streptomycin sulfate (DMEM-CBS) at 37°C in 5% CO<sub>2</sub>. One day prior to transfection, cells are plated to 50-80% confluence using a phenol-red free DMEM with 10% resin charcoal stripped



fetal bovine serum (DMEM-FBS). Cells are transfected (with reporter construct (300 ng/10<sup>5</sup> cells), cytomegalovirus driven receptor (100 ng/10<sup>5</sup> cells) and  $\beta$ -galactosidase expression vectors (500 ng/10<sup>5</sup> cells) by lipofection using N-{2-(2,3)-dioleoyloxy)propyl-N,N,N-trimethyl ammonium methyl sulfate} according to the manufacturer's instructions (DOTAP, Boehringer Mannheim).

After 2 hours the liposomes are removed and cells treated for 40 hours with phenol-red free DMEM-FBS containing farnesol as the ligand. Cells are harvested and assayed for luciferase and  $\beta$ -galactosidase activity.

10

All points are preferentially performed in triplicate and should ideally vary less than 10%. Experiments are repeated a 2-4 times. Data points are normalized for differences in transfection efficiency using  $\beta$ -galactosidase, and plotted as relative activity where the untreated reporter is defined to have an activity of 1 unit.

Neither the GAL4 DBD, nor the GAL4-L66 chimera should be capable of stimulating transcription from a reporter construct containing the GAL4 upstream activating sequence. Similarly, a fusion protein containing the Herpes virus VP16 transactivation domain linked to the RXR $\alpha$ -LBD (VP-RXR) should be inactive when expressed alone or with the GAL4 DBD. However, when GAL4-L66 and VP-RXR are coexpressed, the reporter could be activated, indicating that L66 and RXR $\alpha$  interact efficiently in cells. Using similar VP16-LBD fusion proteins, interaction can be tested between L66 and receptors for peroxisome proliferators/fatty acids (PPAR), vitamin D<sub>3</sub> (VDR), thyroid hormone, (T<sub>3</sub>R), retinoic acid (RAR), or other members of the nuclear receptor superfamily (see also US Pat. 6,005,086).

20

#### FIGURE CAPTIONS:

##### FIG. 1:

30 Fig. 1 shows the cDNA sequence of the L66 gene according to the invention. It also shows the reverse complement thereof.

**FIG. 2:**

Fig. 1 shows the protein sequence of the L66 gene according to the invention.

**FIG. 3:**

Fig. 3 shows the domain composition of FXR- $\beta$  (L66) comprising a so called DNA binding domain "DBD" and a ligand binding domain "LBD" which are present in members of the nuclear receptor superfamily. Also shown are the respective probability values for the presence of these domains which as can be seen in the figure are extremely high.

10

**FIG. 4:**

Fig. 4 shows the cDNA sequence from L66 from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO. 17) as well as its reverse complement (SEQ ID NO. 18) and the protein sequence of L66 from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO. 19).

**FIG. 5:**

Fig. 5 shows the DNA sequence (NC Fragment) of a splice variant of L66 (SEQ ID NO. 4). It also shows the reverse complement of the sequence (SEQ ID NO. 5).

20

**FIG. 6:**

Fig. 6 shows the DNA sequence (PolyA1 Fragment, C-terminal end) of a splice variant of L66. It also shows the reverse complement of the sequence. This differs from the NC Fragment in so far as the poly-A-tail follows the exons 7 and 7B directly (SEQ ID NO. 7).

**FIG. 7:**

Fig. 7 shows the DNA sequence (PolyA2 Fragment, C-terminal end) of a splice variant of L66. It also shows the reverse complement of the sequence. This differs

30

from the NC Fragment in so far as the poly-A-tail follows the exons 7 and 7B directly (SEQ ID NO. 9).

**FIG. 8:**

Fig. 8 shows the DNA sequence (GF Fragment, C-terminal end) of a splice variant of L66. It also shows the reverse complement of the sequence. This differs from the NC Fragment in so far as exon.8 is not present (SEQ ID NO. 11).

10 **FIG. 9:**

Fig. 9 shows the DNA sequence (SF Fragment, C-terminal end) of a splice variant of L66. It also shows the reverse complement of the sequence. This differs from the NC Fragment in so far as exon 7 and 8 are not present (SEQ ID NO. 13).

**FIG. 10:**

Fig. 10 is a schematic representation of the exon distribution within the splice variants found.

20

**FIG. 11:**

Fig. 11 shows the result of a expression test on various cell lines and tissues.

**FIG. 12:**

Fig. 12 shows the genomic DNA sequence for L66 from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO. 20).

**FIG. 13:**

Fig. 13 shows the reverse complement of the genomic DNA sequence for L66 from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO. 21).

**FIG. 14:**

Fig. 14 shows a splice variant cDNA sequence of L66 from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO. 22), its reverse complement (SEQ ID NO. 23) and the corresponding protein sequence (SEQ ID NO. 24).

**FIG. 15:**

Fig. 15 lists all the sequences according to the invention, their respective origin as well as in which figures they are depicted.

**FIG. 16:**

Fig. 16 shows a BLASTP (Improving the accuracy of PSI-BLAST protein database searches with composition-based statistics and other refinements; Nucleic Acids Res. 2001 Jul 15;29(14):2994-3005.) - alignment of L66 against tremblnew (sequence identifier |AF384555|AF384555) "NR1H4"; product: "farnesol receptor" from *Homo sapiens farnesol receptor (NR1H4) mRNA, complete cds, alternatively spliced.* //:gp|AF384555|14326451 gene: "NR1H4"; product: "farnesol receptor"; *Homo sapiens farnesol receptor (NR1H4) mRNA, complete cds, alternatively spliced.* The hit is scoring at : 7e-88 (expectation value) for an alignment length (overlap) : 389 having 46 % identities (Scoring matrix : BLOSUM62 (used to infer consensus pattern)).

**FIG. 17:**

Fig. 17 A shows the intron – exon composition of the mouse L66 gene (numericals).

Fig. 17 B shows the intron – exon composition of spliceform variant 1 of the mouse L66 gene (numericals).

**FIG. 18:**

Fig. 18 A shows the intron – exon composition of the mouse L66 gene (sequences).

- 10 Fig. 18 B shows the intron – exon composition of spliceform variant 1 of the mouse L66 gene (sequences).

**FIG. 19:**

Fig. 19 shows a multiple sequence alignment of the L66 C4 zinc finger domain and shows the conservation of this domain.

**FIG. 20:**

- 20 Fig. 20 19 shows a multiple sequence alignment of the L66 protein and demonstrates the conservation of the L66 Ligand Binding Domain (LBD).

**CLAIMS:**

1. A nucleic acid molecule coding for a nuclear receptor which is selected from the group comprising:

a) the nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID NOs: 1, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 17, 20 and/or 22;

b) or complement thereof as set forth in SEQ ID NOs: 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 18, 21 and/or 23;

c) a nucleic acid which hybridizes to a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence which is the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 1, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 17, 20 and/or 22 under conditions of high stringency, and

d) a nucleic acid which hybridizes to a nucleic acid having a nucleotide sequence which is the complement of the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NOs: 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 18, 21 and/or 23 under conditions of high stringency.

2. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 which is genomic DNA.

3. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 which is cDNA.

4. The nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 which is RNA.

5. A nucleic acid molecule comprising the nucleic acid molecule of any of claims 1 to 4 and a label attached thereto.

6. A vector comprising the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.

7. The vector of claim 6, which is an expression vector.

8. A host cell transfected with the vector of claim 6 or 7.

9. A host cell transfected with the expression vector of claim 7.

10. A method of producing a polypeptide comprising the step of culturing the host cell of claim 9 in an appropriate culture medium to, thereby, produce the polypeptide.

11. An isolated polypeptide encoded by any portion of the nucleic acid of claim 1.

12. A polypeptide selected from the group comprising:

10 the amino acid sequences set forth in SEQ ID NO: 3, 24 and/or 19.

13. A method for screening for agents which are capable of inhibiting the cellular function of the nuclear receptor L66 comprising the steps of:

- a) contacting one or more candidate agents with a polypeptide according to claim 11 or 12
- b) removing unbound agent(s)
- c) detecting whether the agent(s) interact with the polypeptide of the nuclear receptor.

20

14. A method for inhibiting the cellular function of the nuclear receptor L66, comprising the steps of:

- a) contacting a cell with a binding agent of a polypeptide according to claim 11 or 12, whereby the cellular function of L66 is inhibited.

15. Method according to claim 14, characterized in that the binding agent is an antibody.

30

16. Method according to claim 14, characterized in that the binding agent is RNA.

17. Method according to claim 14,

---

characterized in that the binding agent is an anti-sense oligonucleotide.

18. Method according to claim 14,

characterized in that the binding agent is a ribozyme.

19. Method according to claim 14,

characterized in that the cell is in a body.

20. Use of a nucleic acid or protein sequence according to SEQ ID NO.: 1, 4, 6, 8, 10,

10 12, 17, 20, 22, 2, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 18, 21, 3, 19, 24 and/or 23 for the construction of multiple nuclear receptor specific sequence alignments.

21. Use of the sequences according to claim 20 for the construction of protein sequence alignments.



Fig. 1

## SEQ ID NO. 1: (cDNA Sequence Homo sapiens L66)

5' -

cctggaataa	aaaggtccag	accaacctat	tcttcctcga	gaaataaggg	acaggaagaa	60
ttctgtgtag	tttgtggtga	taaagcatca	ccatcaccat	atcattataa	tgcacttacc	120
tgtgaagggt	gcaaagaaat	acctatggta	aaaaatttta	aaactttttt	attgggtttt	180
tttcaatgta	gcatcnmca	aaatgcagta	tatagttgca	ggaatggtag	tcactgtgaa	240
atggacatgt	acatgcgtag	aaaatgtcaa	gagtgagac	tgaaaaagta	taaggcagta	300
ggaatgttgg	cagaatgttt	gctcacagaa	atccaatgta	aattaaagag	acttcaaaag	360
aactttaagg	agaagaatca	tttttactct	aacatcaaag	tggaagagga	aggagtagac	420
cacagttttc	tatcatccac	cactagacct	ggaaaagaaa	gcatggaact	aactgaagag	480
gaacatcagc	tcattaataa	cattgtggct	gctcatcaaa	aatataccat	tccttttagaa	540
gaaacaaatt	tgtatctgca	ggaacataca	aatcctgaac	tgagcttttt	gcaactctca	600
gagacagcag	tcctacacat	acgtgggcta	atgaatttta	ccaaggggct	cccaggattt	660
gaaaatttgg	ccaatgagga	tcaaactgca	ctacagaagg	gatcaaaaac	tgaagtgata	720
tttctccatg	gggcccaact	ttacaataca	atgataaatt	ccatatgttt	gattctaccc	780
tatgtttgga	tgaaaataca	ttttcgtatc	agtttttttg	gtgttactga	agaatttatt	840
acannnctgt	tttacttcta	caaaagaatg	agcaaaactg	atgtaactaa	tactgaatat	900
gctctgcttg	cagcaacaat	tgttttttca	gategtccat	gccttaaaaa	taagcaatat	960
atggaaaatt	tannngaacc	agtttttaca	atattgtata	agtattcaaa	aatgtatcat	1020
ccagaagacc	cannncattt	tgcccatctc	atatggaagc	atactgaact	gagaactctg	1080
aattataacc	attcagaaat	acttagcact	tggaaaacaa	aggaccccaa	attggctact	1140
ttactctctg	ag	- 3'				1152

## SEQ ID NO. 2: (cDNA Reverse Complement L66)

5' -

ctcagagagt	aaagtagcca	atttggggctc	ctttgttttc	caagtgctaa	gtattttctga	60
atggttataa	ttcagagttc	tcagttcagt	atgcttccat	atgagatggg	caaaatgmnn	120
tgggtcttct	ggatgataca	tttttgaata	cttatacaat	atttgtaaaa	ctgggtcnnn	180
taaattttcc	atatattgct	tatttttaag	gcatggacga	tctgaaaaaa	caattgttgc	240
tgcaagcaga	gcatattcag	tattagttac	atcaagtttg	ctcattcttt	tgtagaagta	300
aaacagnmt	gtaataaatt	cttcagtaac	acccaaaaaa	ctgatacgaa	aatgtatttt	360
catccaacaa	tagggtagaa	tcaaacatat	ggaaattatc	attgtattgt	aaagttgggc	420
cccatggaga	aatatcactt	cagtttttga	tcctttctgt	agtgcagttt	gatcctcatt	480
ggccaaattt	tcaaatcctg	ggagcccctt	ggtaaaattc	attagcccac	gtatgtgtag	540
gactgctgtc	tctgagagtt	gcaaaaagct	cagttcagga	tttgtatgtt	cctgcagata	600
caaatttgtt	tcttctaagg	gaatgggtata	tttttgatga	gcagccacaa	tgttattaat	660
gagctgatgt	tcctcttcag	ttagttccat	gctttctttt	ccaggtctag	tgggtggatga	720
tagaaaactg	tggctcactc	cttcctcttc	cactttgatg	ttagagtaaa	aatgattctt	780
ctccttaaa	ttcttttgaa	gtctctttaa	tttacattgg	atttctgtga	gcaaacattc	840
tgccaacatt	cctactgoc	tatacttttt	cagctgcac	tcttgacatt	ttctacgcac	900
gtacatgtcc	atttcacagt	gactaccatt	cctgcaacta	tatactgcat	tttgnnngat	960
gctacattga	aaaaaaccca	ataaaaaagt	tttaaaattt	tttaccatag	gtatttcttt	1020
gcaaccttca	caggttaagt	cattataatg	atatgggtgat	gggtgatgctt	tatcaccaca	1080
aactacacag	aattcttctc	gtcccttatt	tctcgaggaa	gaataggttg	gtctggacct	1140
ttttattoca	gg	- 3'				1152

**Fig. 2****SEQ ID NO. 3: (Protein L66 Homo Sapiens)**

PGIKRSRPTY	SSSRNKGQEE	FCVVCGDKAS	PSPYHYNALT	CEGCKEIPMV	KNFKTFLLGF	60
FQCSIXQNAV	YSCRNGSHCE	MDMYMRRKCQ	ECRLKKYKAV	GMLAECLITE	IQCKLKRLQK	120
NFKEKNHFYS	NIKVEEEGVD	HSFLSSTTRP	GKESMELTEE	EHQLINNIVA	AHQKYTIPLR	180
ETNLYLQEH	NPELSFLQLS	ETAVLHIRGL	MNFTKGLPGF	ENLANEDQTA	LQKGSKTEVI	240
FLHGAQLYNT	MIISICLILP	YVWMKIHFR	SFLGVTEEFI	TXLFYFYKRM	SKLDVINTFY	300
ALLAATIVFS	DRPCLKNKQY	MENLXEPVLQ	ILYKYSRMYH	PEDPKHFAHL	IWKHTELRTL	360
NYNHSEILST	WTKDKPKLAT	LLSE				384

**Fig. 3****Domain composition:**

<u>Domain</u>	<u>Region from protein</u>	<u>E-value</u>
ZnF_C4	19-105	14.8e-15 (A below)
HOLI	201-360	9.99e-13 (B below)

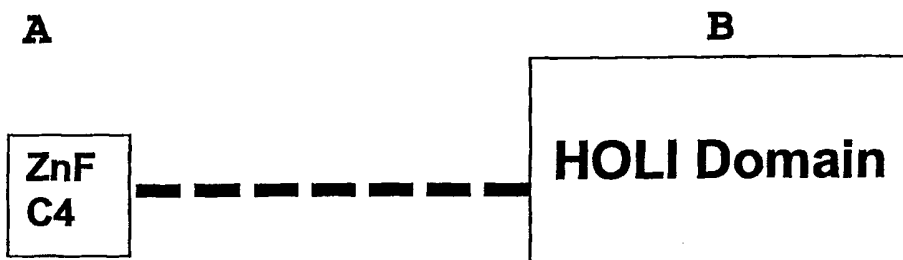


Fig. 4

cDNA L66 from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO. 17)

atgtaataa	aaccagatat	tttgccagaa	caattccatt	atcagctgtg	tgatacagat	60
ttccaagaac	cacctattg	tcaatattct	accgctcagt	ttcctccagc	gttacagtcc	120
ccatctttac	aaagtcattt	caacacacat	ggcttgatc	cacagtacag	tgagggcagt	180
tggtgtggac	tgcacgctcg	agaatctggt	cagtcactt	atgtggttgt	tcacgatgat	240
gaagatgaat	tccctggggc	acaaagggtg	agagcaactt	gttctttacg	ctggaagggt	300
caagatgaca	tgctctgcat	ggtctgcggt	gataaggcat	caggatatca	ctacaatgca	360
cttactttgtg	aggggtgcaa	aggcttttct	cggcgtagca	ttaccaagaa	tgagtggtat	420
tcttgcaaga	acgggtggtca	ctgtgaaatg	gacatgtaca	tgcgcagaaa	atgccaaagag	480
tgcagactga	agaagtgtaa	ggcgggtggg	atgttgccag	aatgtttgct	cacagagatc	540
cagtgtgaagt	caaagagact	tgcgaagaac	ttcaagcacg	ggcctgccct	gtaccctgcc	600
atccaagtgg	aagatgaagg	agcagacacc	aaacacgtgt	catccagcac	cagatctggg	660
aaaggggttc	aggacaacat	gactctaact	caagaggaa	atcggcttct	gaataccata	720
gtgactgctc	accaaaaatc	catgattccc	ttgggagaaa	caagcaaaact	tctgcaggag	780
ggttccaacc	ccgaactaag	ttttctgaga	ctctcagagg	tatcagtcct	gcacatacaa	840
gggctaata	agtttaccac	gggactcca	ggatttgaaa	atttaaccac	tgaggatcag	900
gctgcattac	agaaggcgtc	aaaaactgaa	gtgatgttcc	ttcatgtagc	ccagctttat	960
ggtgggaaag	actcaacctc	tggaaagtact	atgagaccag	caaagccctc	agctgggaca	1020
ctagaggtgc	ataatcctag	cgtgatgaa	agtgttcatt	ctccggaaaa	ctttctcaag	1080
gaaggctacc	cttcggctcc	tctaactgat	attactaaag	aatttattgc	ctcactatct	1140
tacttctaca	gaagaatgag	tgaacttcat	gtatcggata	ctgaatatgc	tctgcttacg	1200
gcgacaacag	tgcttttctc	agatcgtcca	tgccttaaaa	ataagcagca	tatagaaaac	1260
ctacaagaac	cagtcctgca	acttttgttt	aagttttcaa	aaatgtacca	tccagaagac	1320
ccacagcatt	tgcgccacct	catagggagg	cttactgaac	tgagaactct	gagtcacagc	1380
cactctgaaa	tccttcgcat	gtggaaaaca	aaggacccca	ggttggtgat	gttattctct	1440
gagaaatggg	atctgcactc	attttctga				1470

Reverse Complement of cDNA L66 from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO. 18)

tcaggaaaat	gagtgcagat	cccatttctc	agagaataac	atcaccaacc	tggggtcctt	60
tgttttccac	atgcgaagga	tttcagagt	gctgtgactc	agagtctca	gttcagtaag	120
cctccctatg	aggtggcgca	aatgctgtgg	gtcttctgga	tggtacattt	ttgaaaactt	180
aaacaaaagt	tgcaggactg	gttctttag	gttttctata	tgctgcttat	ttttaaggca	240
tggacgatct	gagaaaagca	ctggtgtcgc	cgtaaagcaga	gcatactcag	tatccgatac	300
atgaagttca	ctcattcttc	tgtagaagta	agatagtgag	gcaataaatt	ctttagtaat	360
atcagttaga	ggagccgaag	ggtagccttc	cttgagaaag	ttttccggag	aatgaacact	420
ttcatcagcg	ctaggattat	gcacctctag	tgtcccagct	gagggctttg	ctggtctcat	480
agtacttcca	gaggttgagt	ctttcccacc	ataaagctgg	gctacatgaa	ggaacatcac	540
ttcagttttt	gacgccttct	gtaatgcagc	ctgatectca	gtggttaaat	tttcaaactc	600
tgggagtcct	ttggtaaact	tcattagccc	ttgtatgtgc	aggactgata	cctctgagag	660
tctcagaaaa	cttagttcgg	ggttggaacc	ctcctgcaga	agtttgcttg	tttctcccaa	720
gggaatcatg	gatttttggg	gagcagtcac	tatggtattc	agaagccgat	gttctctctg	780
agttagagtc	atggtgtcct	gaaccccttt	cccagatctg	gtgctggatg	acacgtgttt	840
ggtgtctgct	ccttcatctt	ccacttggat	ggcagggtac	agggcaggcc	cgtgcttgaa	900
gttcttgcga	agtctctttg	acttacctg	gactctgtg	agcaaacatt	ctgccaacat	960
ccccaccgcc	ttacaacttct	tcagtctgca	ctcttggcat	tttctgcgca	tgtacatgtc	1020
catttcacag	tgaccaccgt	tcttgcaaga	atacactgca	ttcttggtaa	tgctacgcgc	1080
gaaaaagcct	ttgcacccct	cacaagtaag	tgcattgtag	tgatattcct	atgccttatc	1140
accgcagacc	atgcagagca	tgtcatcttg	acccttccag	cgtaaagaac	aagttgctct	1200
gcacctttgt	gccccaggga	attcatcttc	atcatcgtga	acaaccacat	aagtggactg	1260
accagattct	cgagcgtcga	gtccacacca	actgcctcca	ctgtactgtg	gatccaagcc	1320
atgtgtgttg	aaatgacttt	gtaaagatgg	ggactgtaac	gctggaggaa	actgagcggt	1380
agaatattga	caatagggtg	gttcttgga	atctgtatca	cacagctgat	aatggaattg	1440
ttctggcaaa	atatctggtt	ttattaacat				1470

**Fig. 4 continu d**

Protein L66 from Mus musculus (SEQ ID NO. 19)

MLIKPDILPE	QFHYQLCDTD	FQEPFYCQYS	TAQFPPALQS	PSLQSHFNTH	GLDPQYSGGS	60
WCGLDARESG	QSTYVVVHDD	EDEFPGAQRC	RATCSLRWKG	QDDMLCMVCG	DKASGYHYNA	120
LTCEGCKGFF	RRSITKNNAVY	SCKNGGHCCEM	DMYMRRKCQE	CRLKKCKAVG	MLAECLLTEI	180
QCKSKRLRKN	FKHGPAIYPA	IQVEDEGADT	KHVSSSTRSG	KGVDNMTLT	QEEHRLINTI	240
VTAHQKSMIP	LGETSKLLQE	GSNPELSFLR	LSEVSVLHIQ	GLMKFTKGLP	GFENLTTEHQ	300
AALQKASKTE	VMFLHVAQLY	GGKDSTSGST	MRPAKPSAGT	LEVHNPSADE	SVHSPENFLK	360
EGYPSAPLTD	ITKEFLASLS	YFYRRMSELH	VSDTEYALLT	ATTVLFSDRP	CLKNKQHIEH	420
LQEPVLQLLF	KFSKMYHPED	POHFAHLIGR	LTELRTLSEH	HSEILRMWKT	KDPRLVMLFS	480
EKWDLHSFS						489

Fig. 5

## L66 NC Fragment

cctggaataa	aaaggtccag	accaacctat	tcttcctcga	gaaataaggg	acaggaagaa	60
ttctgtgtag	tttgtggtga	taaagcatca	ccatcaccat	atcattataa	tgcacttacc	120
tgtgaaggtt	gcaaagcatc	aacaaaatgc	agtatatagt	tgcaaggaatg	gtagtcactg	180
tgaaatggac	atgtacatgc	gtagaaaatg	tcaagagtgc	agactgaaaa	agtataaggc	240
agtaggaatg	ttggcagaat	gtttgcacac	agaaatccaa	tgtaaattaa	agagacttca	300
aaagaacttt	aaggagaaga	atcattttta	ctctaaccatc	aaagtggag	aggaaggagt	360
agaccacagt	tttctatcat	ccaccactag	acctggaaaa	gtgattcagg	aaagcatgga	420
actaaactgaa	gaggaaacatc	agctcattaa	taacattgtg	gctgctcatc	aaaaatatac	480
cattccttta	gaagaaacaa	atttctgcag	gaacatacaa	atcctgaact	gagctttttg	540
caactctcag	agacagcagt	cctacacata	cgtgggctaa	tgaattttac	caaggggctc	600
ccaggatttg	aaaatttggc	caatgaggat	caaactgcac	tacagaaggg	atcaaaaact	660
gaagtgatat	ttctccatgg	ggcccaactt	tacagtcaga	aacaatcagc	ctctgaaagt	720
tctgtgagaa	tattaaatca	ttcagattat	acaccaaatt	gtcacaaatg	gagtgggtgat	780
agaagtctta	ttgtttctat	ggaaaaattt	tacaatgaag	aatgtccttc	tactactcta	840
attggtttca	agaagctcat	ctggaaaatg	gtgataataa	tagaaacttac	ctcatacagt	900
attgtgacta	ctacataaaa	taatacatag	agatcgtcca	tgcccttaaaa	ataagcaata	960
tatggaaaat	ttacaagaac	cagttttaca	aatattgtat	aagtattcaa	aaatgtatca	1020
tccagaagac	ccatagcatt	ttgcccactc	catatggaag	catactgaac	tgagaac	1077

## L66 NC Fragment (Reverse Complement)

gttctcagtt	cagtatgctt	ccatatgaga	tgggcaaaat	gctatgggtc	ttctggatga	60
tacatttttg	aataacttata	caatatttgt	aaaactggtt	cttgtaaatt	ttccatatat	120
tgcttatttt	taaggcatgg	acgatctcta	tgtattattt	tatgtagtag	tcacaatact	180
gtatgaggta	agttctatta	ttatcaccat	tttcagatg	agcttcttga	aaccaattag	240
agtagtagaa	ggacattctt	cattgtaaaa	ttttccata	gaacaaataa	gacttctatc	300
accactccta	ttgtgacaat	ttggtgtata	atctgaatga	tttaatatcc	tcacagaact	360
ttcagaggct	gattgtttct	gactgtaaag	ttgggccccca	tggagaataa	tcacttcagt	420
ttttgatccc	ttctgtagtg	cagtttgatc	ctcattggcc	aaattttcaa	atcctgggag	480
ccccttggtg	aaattcatta	gccacgtat	gtgtaggact	gctgtctctg	agagttgcaa	540
aaagctcagt	tcaggatttg	tatgttctctg	cagaaatttg	tttcttctaa	aggaatggta	600
tatttttgat	gagcagccac	aatgttatta	atgagctgat	gttctctctc	agttagtccc	660
atgctttcct	gaatcacttt	tccaggctcta	gtggtggatg	atagaaaact	gtggtctact	720
ccttctctct	ccactttgat	gttagagtaa	aaatgattct	tctccttaaa	gttcttttga	780
agtctcttta	atttacattg	gattttctgtg	tgcaaacatt	ctgccacat	tcctactgcc	840
ttatactttt	tcagtctgca	ctcttgacat	tttctacgca	tgtacatgtc	catttcacag	900
tgactaccat	tctgcaact	atatactgca	ttttgttgat	gctttgcaac	cttcacaggt	960
aagtgcatta	taatgatatg	gtgatgggtga	tgctttatca	ccacaaacta	cacagaattc	1020
ttcctgtccc	ttatttctcg	aggaagaata	ggttggtctg	gaccttttta	ttccagg	1077

**Fig. 6****L 66 PolyA1 Fragment**

cccaacttta	cagtcagaaa	caatcagcct	ctgaaagttc	tgtgagaata	ttaaatacatt	60
cagattatac	accaaattgt	cacaatagga	gtggtgatag	aagtcttatt	tgttctatgg	120
aaaaatttta	caatgaagaa	tgtccttcta	ctactctaata	tggtaatatg	actcaatatg	180
aaatattata	ttggatgcaa	aaatttgat	ataatgttta	actttcttat	actgctttga	240
gatacaatga	taatttccat	atgtttgatt	ctaccctatg	tttggatgaa	aatacatttt	300
cgtatcngcc	caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	a			331

**L 66 PolyA1 Fragment (Reverse Complement)**

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	gggcmgatac	gaaaaatgtat	tttcatccaa	acatagggta	60
gaatcaaaca	tatggaaatt	atcattgtat	ctcaaagcag	tataagaaag	ttaaacatta	120
tatacaaatt	tttgcattcca	atataatatt	tcattattgag	tcattattacc	aattagagta	180
gtagaaggac	attcttcatt	gtaaaatttt	tccatagaac	aaataagact	tctatcacca	240
ctcctattgt	gacaatttgg	tgtataatct	gaatgattta	atattctcac	agaactttca	300
gaggctgatt	gtttctgact	gtaaagtggg	g			331

**Fig. 7****L 66 PolyA2 Fragment**

cccaacttta	cagtcagaaa	caatcagcct	ctgaaagttc	tgtgagaata	ttaaatacatt	60
cagattatac	accaaattgt	cacaatagga	gtggtgatag	aagtcttatt	tgttctatgg	120
aaaaatttta	caatgaagaa	tgtccttcta	ctactctaata	tggtaatatg	actcaatatg	180
aaatattata	ttggatgcaa	aaatttgat	ataatgttta	actttcttat	actgctttga	240
gatacaatga	taatttccat	atgtttgatt	ctaccctatg	tttggatgag	gaaaaaaaaa	300
aaaaaaaaaa	a					311

**L 66 PolyA2 Fragment (Reverse Complement)**

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	ctcattccaa	acatagggta	gaatcaaaca	tatggaaatt	60
atcattgtat	ctcaaagcag	tataagaaag	ttaaacatta	tatacaaatt	tttgcattcca	120
atataatatt	tcattattgag	tcattattacc	aattagagta	gtagaaggac	attcttcatt	180
gtaaaatttt	tccatagaac	aaataagact	tctatcacca	ctcctattgt	gacaatttgg	240
tgtataatct	gaatgattta	atattctcac	agaactttca	gaggctgatt	gtttctgact	300
gtaaagtggg	g					311

**Fig. 8****L 66 GF Fragment (DNA Sequence)**

ggccaatgag	gatcaaaactg	cactacagaa	gggatcaaaa	actgaagtga	tatttctcca	60
tggggcccaa	ctttacagtc	agaaacaatc	agcctctgaa	agttctgtga	gaatattaaa	120
tcatttcagat	tataccacaa	attgtcacaa	taggagtggg	gatagaagtc	ttatttgctc	180
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taaaaaataag	caatatatgg	aaaatttaca	agaaccagtt	ttacaaatat	tgtataagta	300
ttcaaaaatg	tatcatccag	aagaccata	gcattttgcc	catctcatat	ggaagcatac	360
tgaactgaga	actctgaatt	ataaccattc	agaaataactt	agcacttgga	aaacaaagga	420
cccca						425

**L 66 GF Fragment (DNA Sequence Reverse Complement)**

tggggctcctt	tgttttccaa	gtgctaagta	tttctgaatg	gttataattc	agagttctca	60
gttcagtatg	cttccatatg	agatgggcaa	aatgctatgg	gtcttctgga	tgatacattt	120
ttgaatactt	atacaatatt	tgtaaaactg	gttcttgtaa	attttccata	tattgottat	180

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aatgatttaa	tattctcaca	gaactttcag	aggctgattg	tttctgactg	taaagttggg	360
ccccatggag	aaatatcact	tcagtttttg	atcccttctg	tagtgcagtt	tgatcctcat	420
tggcc						425



**Fig. 9****L 66 SF Fragment (DNA Sequence)**

```

ggccaatgag gatcaaactg cactacagaa gggatcaaaa actgaagtga tatttctcca      60
tggggcccac ctttacagtc agaaacaatc agcctctgaa aatcgtccat gccttaaaaa      120
taagcaatat atggaaaatt tacaagaacc agttttacaa atattgtata agtattcaaa      180
aatgtatcat ccagaagacc catagcattt tgcccatctc atatggaagc atactgaact      240
gagaactctg aattataacc attcagaaat acttagcact tggaaaacaa aggacccca      299

```

**L 66 SF Fragment (DNA Sequence - Reverse Complement)**

```

tggggtcctt tgttttccaa gtgctaagta tttctgaatg gttataattc agagtttctca      60
gttcagtatg cttccatatg agatgggcaa aatgctatgg gtcttctgga tgatacattt      120
ttgaatactt atacaatatt tgtaaaactg gttcttgtaa attttccata tattgcttat      180
ttttaaggca tggacgattt tcagaggctg attgtttctg actgtaaagt tgggccccat      240
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Fig. 10:

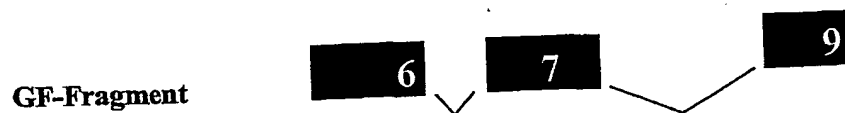
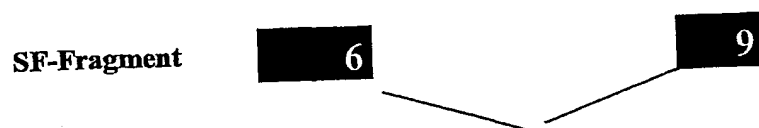
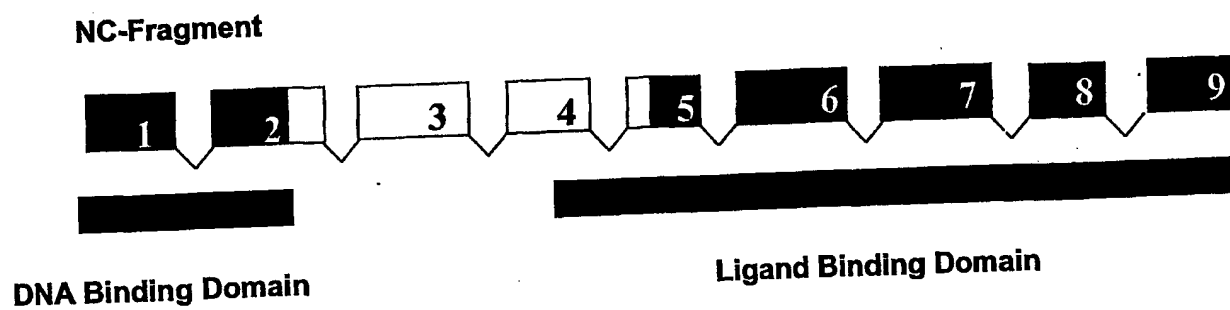


Fig. 11:

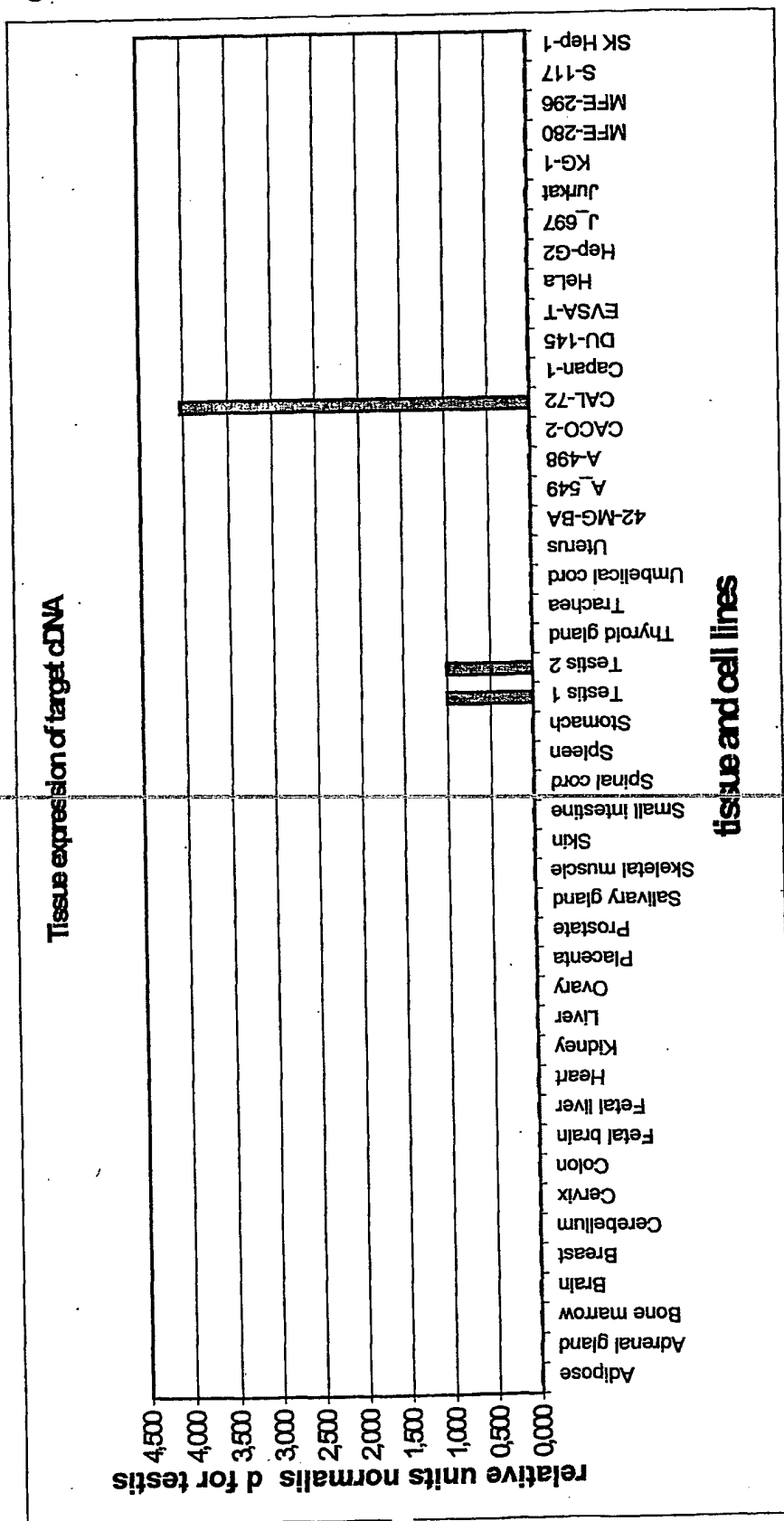


Fig. 12:

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tgtaataaaa	accagatatt	ttgccagAAC	aattccatta	tcagctgtgt	gatacagatt	240
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Fig. 12 continu d:

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Fig. 12 continu d:

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Fig. 12 continu d:

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Fig. 12 continued:

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Fig. 13:

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Fig. 13 continu d:

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Fig. 13 continu d:

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Fig. 13 continued:

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Fig. 13 continu d:

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Fig. 14:

cDNA splice variant of L66 from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO. 22)

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tggtgtggac	tgcagcctcg	agaatctggt	cagtcacatt	atgtggttgt	tcacgatgat	240
gaagatgaat	tccctggggc	acaaagggtg	agagcaactt	gttctttacg	ctggaagggt	300
caagatgaca	tgctctgcat	ggtctgcggt	gataaggcat	caggatatca	ctacaatgca	360
cttacttgtg	aggggtgcaa	aggctttttc	cggcgtagca	ttaccaagaa	tgcagtgtat	420
tcttgcaaga	acgggtggtc	ctgtgaaatg	gacatgtaca	tgcgcagaaa	atgccaaag	480
tgcagactga	agaagtgtaa	ggcgggtggg	atggtggcag	aatggtttgt	cacagagatc	540
cagtgtgaag	caaagagact	tgcgaagaac	ttcaagtcag	ggcctgccct	gtaccctgcc	600
atccaagtgg	aagatgaagg	agcagacacc	aaacacgtgt	catccagcac	cagatctggg	660
aaaggggttc	aggacaacat	gactctaact	caagaggaac	atcggcttct	gaataccata	720
gtgactgtct	accaaaaatc	catgattccc	ttgggagaaa	caagcaaact	tctgcaggag	780
ggttccaacc	ccgaactaag	ttttctgaga	ctctcagagg	tatcagtcct	gcacatacaa	840
gggctaata	agttttacaa	gggactccca	ggatttgaaa	atttaaccac	tgaggatcag	900
gctgcattac	agaaggcgct	aaaaactgaa	gtgatgttcc	ttcatgtagc	ccagctttat	960
ggtgggaaag	actcaacctc	tggaagtact	atgagaccag	caaagccctc	agctgggaca	1020
ctagagggtc	ataatcctag	cgctgatgaa	agtgttcatt	ctccggaaaa	ctttctcaag	1080
gaaggctacc	cttcgggtcc	tctaactgga	agaatgagtg	aacttcattg	atcggatact	1140
gaatatgtct	tgcttacggc	gacaacagtg	cttttctcag	atcgtccatg	ccttaaaaat	1200
aagcagcata	tagaaaacct	acaagaacca	gtcctgcaac	ttttgtttaa	gttttcaaaa	1260
atgtaccatc	cagaagaccc	acagcatttc	gccaccctca	tagggaggct	tactgaactg	1320
agaactctga	gtcacagcca	ctctgaaatc	cttcgcatgt	ggaaaacaaa	ggaccccagg	1380
ttggtgatgt	tattctctga	gaaatgggat	ctgcactcat	tttctctga		1428

cDNA splice variant of L66 from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO. 23)

tcaggaaaat	gagtgcagat	cccatttctc	agagaataac	atcaccaacc	tggggtcctt	60
tgttttccac	atgcgaagga	tttcagagtg	gctgtgactc	agagttctca	gttcagtaag	120
cctccctatg	aggtgggcga	aatgctgtgg	gtcttctgga	tggtacattt	ttgaaaactt	180
aaacaaaagt	tgcaggactg	gttcttgtag	gtttctata	tgctgcttat	ttttaaggca	240
tggacgatct	gagaaaagca	ctggtgtcgc	cgtaagcaga	gcatactcag	tatccgatac	300
atgaagttca	ctcattcttc	cagtttagagg	agccgaagg	tagccttctc	tgagaaagtt	360
ttccggagaa	tgaacacttt	catcagcgct	aggattatgc	acctctagtg	tcccagctga	420
gggctttgct	ggtctcatag	tacttccaga	ggttgagtct	ttcccaccat	aaagctgggc	480
tacatgaagg	aacatcactt	cagtttttga	cgccttctgt	aatgcagcct	gatcctcagt	540
ggttaaat	tcaaatcctg	ggagtccctt	ggtaaaactt	attagccctt	gtatgtgcag	600
gactgatacc	tctgagagtc	tcagaaaact	tagttcgggg	ttggaaacct	cctgcagaag	660
tttgcttggt	tctcccaagg	gaatcatgga	tttttggtga	gcagtcacta	tggtattcag	720
aagccgatgt	tcctcttgag	ttagagtcac	ggtgtcctga	acccctttcc	cagatctggg	780
gctggatgac	acgtgtttgg	tgtctgctcc	ttcatcttcc	acttggatgg	cagggtacag	840
ggcaggcccg	tgcttgaagt	tcttgcaag	tctctttgac	ttacactgga	tctctgtgag	900
caaacattct	gccaaacatc	ccaccgcctt	acacttcttc	agtctgcact	cttggcattt	960
tctgcgcagt	tacatgtcca	tttcacagtg	accaccgttc	ttgcaagaat	acactgcatt	1020
cttggtaatg	ctacgcggga	aaaagccttt	gcaccctca	caagtaagtg	cattgtagt	1080
atatctgat	gcttatcac	cgcagaccat	gcagagcatg	tcattctgac	ccttccagcg	1140
taagaacaa	gtgtctctgc	acctttgtgc	cccagggaat	tcattctcat	catcgtgaac	1200
aaccacataa	gtggactgac	cagattctcg	agcgtcgagt	ccacaccaac	tgcttccact	1260
gtactgtgga	tccaagccat	gtgtgttgaa	atgactttgt	aaagatgggg	actgtaacgc	1320
tggaggaaac	tgagcggtag	aatattgaca	atagggtggt	tcttggaat	ctgtatcaca	1380
cagctgataa	tggaattggt	ctggcaaaat	atctggtttt	attaacat		1428

**Fig. 14 - continu d:**Protein splice variant of L66 from *Mus musculus* (SEQ ID NO. 24)

MLIKPDILPE	QFHYQLCDTD	FQEPYQCQYS	TAQFPPALQS	PSLQSHFNTH	GLDPQYSGGS	60
WCGLDARESG	QSTYVVVHDD	EDEFPGAQRC	RATCSLRWKG	QDDMLCMVCG	DKASGYHYNA	120
LTCEGCKGFF	RRSITKNAVY	SCKNGGHCEN	DMYMRRCQOE	CRLKKCKAVG	MLAECLLTEI	180
QCKSKRLRKN	FKHGPAALYP	IQVEDEGADT	KHVSSSTRSG	KGVDNMILT	QEEHRLINTI	240
VTAHQKSMIP	LGETSKLLQE	GSNPELSFLR	LSEVSVLHIQ	GLMKPTKGLP	GFENLTEDQ	300
AALQKASKTE	VMFLHVAQLY	GGKSTSGST	MRPAKPSAGT	LEVHNPSADE	SVHSPENFLK	360
EGYPSAPITG	RMSELHVSDT	EYALLTATTV	LFSDRPCCLKN	KQHIENLQEP	VLQLLFKFSK	420
MYHPEDPQHF	AHLIGRLTEL	RTLSSHSEI	LRMWKTKDPR	LVMLFSEKWD	LHSFS	475

**Fig. 15**Human:

SEQ ID NOs: 1 = all exons human	Fig.1
SEQ ID NOs: 4 = NC fragment	Fig.5
SEQ ID NOs: 6 = poly A1 fragment	Fig.6
SEQ ID NOs: 8 = poly A2 fragment	Fig.7
SEQ ID NOs: 10 = GF fragment	Fig.8
SEQ ID NOs: 12 = SF fragment	Fig.9

SEQ ID NO. 3 = protein L66 from SEQ ID NO. 1	Fig.2
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SEQ ID NOs: 2 = RC of all exons human	Fig.1
SEQ ID NOs: 5 = RC NC fragment	Fig.5
SEQ ID NOs: 7 = RC poly A1 fragment	Fig.6
SEQ ID NOs: 9 = RC poly A2 fragment	Fig.7
SEQ ID NOs: 11 = RC GF fragment	Fig.8
SEQ ID NOs: 13 = RC SF fragment	Fig.9

SEQ ID NOs: 14 = primer 18 sRNA fwd	No Fig.
SEQ ID NOs: 15 = primer 18 sRNA rev	No. Fig.
SEQ ID NOs: 16 = probe 18 sRNA	No. Fig.

Mouse:

SEQ ID NOs: 17 = cDNA L66 from Mus musculus	Fig. 4
SEQ ID NOs: 18 = RC of cDNA L66 from Mus musculus	Fig. 4
SEQ ID NOs: 19 = protein L66 from Mus musculus	Fig. 4
SEQ ID NOs: 20 = genomic DNA L66 from Mus musculus	Fig. 12
SEQ ID NOs: 21 = RC of genomic DNA L66 from Mus musculus	Fig. 13
SEQ ID NO.: 22 = cDNA L66 from Mus musculus (splice variant 1)	Fig. 14
SEQ ID NO.: 23 = RC of cDNA L66 from Mus musculus (splice variant 1)	Fig. 14
SEQ ID NO.: 24 = protein L66 from Mus musculus (splice variant 1)	Fig. 14



Fig. 16

QUERY 1 PGIKRSRPTYSSSRNKGQEEFCVVCCKASPSPYHYNALTCEGCKEIPMVKNFKTFLLGF  
 P .K: .R S: .R KG :E.CVVCGD:AS YHYNALTCEGCK GF  
 HIT 107 PVTCKPRMGASAGRIKG-DELCVVCGDRASG--YHYNALTCEGCK-----GF  
  
 FQCSIXQNAVYSCRNGSHCEMDMYMRKQCECRLKKYKAVGMLAEC----LLTEIQCKLK  
 F: SI.:NAVY.C:NG.:C MDMYMRKQCECRL:K K.:GMLAEC LLTEIQCK K  
 FRRSITKNNAVYKCKNGGNCVMDMYMRKQCECRLRKCKEMGMLAECMYTGILLTEIQCKSK  
  
 RLQKNFKKKNHFYSNIKVEEEGVDSHFLSSTTRPGKESMELTEERHQLINNIVAHHQKYT  
 RL:KN.K: H . . . . :EG D . :STT: . :E..ELT: . . . .L: : I: : .K..  
 RLKKNVKQ--HADQTVNEDSEGRDLRQVTSTTKSCREKTELTPDQOTLLHFIMDSYNKQR  
  
 IPLEETNLYLQEHYNPELSFLQLSETAVLHIRGLMNFTKGLPGFENLANEDQALQKGSK  
 :P E TN .L:E. :.E :FL L:E.A. H: . L: .FTK LPGF: .L :EDQ.AL KGS.  
 MPQEITNKILKEEPSAENFLILTEMATNHVQVLVEFTKKLPGFQTLDHEDQIALKGSK  
  
 TEVIFLHGAQLYNTMIISICLILPYVWMKIHFRISFLGVTEEFITXLFYFYKRMSKLDVT  
 .E.:FL..A: .N: .S L :. RI. G: .E:IT :F FYK: .L: :T  
 VEAMFLRSAEIFNKKLPSGHSGL-----LEERIRNSGISDEYITPMFSFYKSIGELKMT  
  
 NTEYALLAATIVFS-DRPCLKNKQYMENLXEPVLQILYKYSKMYHPEDPXHFARLIWKHT  
 ..EYALL.A: .S DR. :K: . :E.L.EP:L: .L.K..K: .PE:P.HFA L: : T  
 QEEYALLTAIVILSPDRQYIKDREAVEKLQEPLLDVLQKLCCKIHQPENPQHACLLGRIT  
  
 ELRTLNNHSEILSTWTKDOPKLATLLSE 384  
 ELRT.N: .H:E:L: .W: .D K. .LL.E  
 ELRTFNHHHAEMLSWRVNDHKFTPLLE 471

**Fig. 17 A**

#	Exon		Intron	
	Start	Stop	Start	Stop
1	ATG-> 180	561	562	2766
2	2767	2907	2908	5448
3	5449	5591	5592	5679
4	5680	5784	5785	5930
5	5931	6030	6031	7213
6	7214	7327	7328	8963
7	8964	9086	9087	9759
8	9760	9873	9874	1409
9	14010	14257(incl. TGA)		

**Fig. 17 B**

#	Exon		Intron	
	Start	Stop	Start	Stop
1	ATG-> 180	561	562	2766
2	2767	2907	2908	5448
3	5449	5591	5592	5679
4	5680	5784	5785	5930
5	5931	6030	6031	7213
6	7214	7327	7328	8963
7	8964	9086	9087	9801
8	9802	9873	9874	1409
9	14010	14257(incl. TGA)		

Fig. 18 A

Exon	Intron	Exon
... GGGTGCAAAG	GTAAGGGTAA>>>>TTGTTGTTAG	GCTTTTCCG...
...TTGGCAGAAT	GTAAGTGCCA>>>>AATGTCACAG	GTTTGCTCAC...
...TGGGAAAGGG	GCAAGACGCT>>>>TTCCTTATAG	GTTCAGGACA...
...AAGCAAACCTT	GTATGTATCC>>>>TATGGACCAG	CTGCAGGAGG...
...GGACTCCCAG	GTAAAATTCT>>>>TATTTTAAAG	GATTTGAAAA...
...ACCTCTGGAA	GTAAAAAGAA>>>>CTTTTGCTAG	GTACTATGAG...
...CCTCTAACTG	GTAACACTGT>>>>ATCTTTTCAG	ATATTACTAA...
...CTTTTCTCAG	GTACAGACTG>>>>TGTTTTTCAG	ATCGTCCATG....
...ATTTTCCTGA		

Fig. 18 B

Exon	Intron	Exon
... GGGTGCAAAG	GTAAGGGTAA>>>>TTGTTGTTAG	GCTTTTCCG...
...TTGGCAGAAT	GTAAGTGCCA>>>>AATGTCACAG	GTTTGCTCAC...
...TGGGAAAGGG	GCAAGACGCT>>>>TTCCTTATAG	GTTCAGGACA...
...AAGCAAACCTT	GTATGTATCC>>>>TATGGACCAG	CTGCAGGAGG...
...GGACTCCCAG	GTAAAATTCT>>>>TATTTTAAAG	GATTTGAAAA...
...ACCTCTGGAA	GTAAAAAGAA>>>>CTTTTGCTAG	GTACTATGAG...
...CCTCTAACTG	GTAACACTGT>>>>TACTTCTACA	GAAGAATGAG...
...CTTTTCTCAG	GTACAGACTG>>>>TGTTTTTCAG	ATCGTCCATG...
...ATTTTCCTGA		

Fig. 19:

43	Q32943/1-81	GDRLVAVGCD-RASG-Y	YN	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTKN	AVNCKNG	GNVNDMY	MRRKQEC	PRCKE	ALAB
35	Q02035/1-81	QELCLVAGCD-RASG-Y	YN	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTKN	AVNCKNG	GNVNDMY	MRRKQEC	PRCKE	ALAB
33	Q13133/1-81	GNELCNVAGCD-RASG-Y	YN	VLSC	CKGFF	SVLKG	AHNTCHBG	GHCMDTY	MRRKQEC	PRCKE	ALAB
44	Q06044/1-83	GNELCNVAGCD-RASG-Y	YN	VLSC	CKGFF	SVLKG	AHNTCHBG	GHCMDTY	MRRKQEC	PRCKE	ALAB
ROR2_HUMAN/1-8		ELTECKVAGCD-KSSG-I	YG	VTTC	CKGFF	SOJGS	NAYSPRQ	KNCIDRT	SNRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
84	Q17584/1-81	EVLPCKVAGCD-KSSG-V	YG	VTTC	CKGFF	SOJGS	NAYSPRQ	KNCIDRT	SNRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
[MRRARG_1/1-81		VYRCKVAGCD-KSSG-Y	YG	VSSC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
95	Q18395/1-81	SFVCKVAGCD-KASG-Y	YG	VTSC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
CNRD_CAREL/1-8		ALSCCKVAGCD-KASG-Y	YG	VTSC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
E75C_DROME/1-8		WVLLCKVAGCD-KASG-F	YG	VHSC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
03	Q63503/1-82	WVLLCKVAGCD-KASG-F	YG	VHSC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
PPAR_MOUSE/1-8		LNTECKVAGCD-KASG-Y	YG	VHSC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
[GGCERBA2_1/1-		KDQCKVAGCD-KATG-Y	YR	CLTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
54	Q77154/1-83	GNELCNVAGCD-KATG-Y	YR	CLTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
04	Q25604/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
46	Q46046/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
[HSARAB_1/1-81		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
14	Q14514/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
59	P61559/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
24	Q08624/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
[HSARAB_1/1-81		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
01	Q91601/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
45	Q19345/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
1035100 D10351		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
VDR_CHICK/1-81		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
39	Q91839/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
69	Q75469/1-82	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
94	Q14994/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
33	Q19333/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
HR96_DROME/1-8		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
EGON_DROME/1-8		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
5	B47265/1-83	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
1343852 SL3438		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
4160012 Q41600		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
92	P90892/1-82	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
21	Q45521/1-82	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
30	Q91430/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
17	Q09017/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
32	Q20832/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
22	Q26623/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
27	Q61227/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
63	P97763/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
TR4_HUMAN/1-81		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
16	Q90416/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
NHR5_CAREL/1-8		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
30	Q77230/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
11	Q16311/1-81	QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD
3929579 G39295		QDPCVAGCD-DATG-I	YR	ALTC	CKGFF	SLTK	NMYTCHRD	KNCILNK	TENRCKQC	FORCA	VSBD

Fig. 19 continued:

51	002151/1-81	SADEWVWCD-KAIG-K YG	AVACN	CGKGF	SVN	QNLQTERFN	KQNDKDK	HRNARYC	FOKCHA-D	MPPE
56	045666/1-81	LAERCAVCD-KSTG-T YG	VISON	CGKGF	TVL	RDQVTERFN	KRGVIDKN	FRCAERYC	FOKQV-V	SKHE
55	092655/1-81	VSAICAVCD-RATG-K YG	ASSCD	CGKGF	SVR	KNHVSCRF	RQVVDKDK	KRNQERYC	FOKQV-V	SKHE
NH64	CABEL/1-8	ENVECAVCD-RATG-K YG	AMSCD	CGKGF	TIR	KHSHVGRFG	EKCQVDKA	KRNSBKC	FOKQV-V	SKHE
29	091829/1-81	VVEICAVCD-KSTG-K YG	ALSCD	CGKGF	SIR	KRYNVCREF	QNCQVTKN	KRNCBAC	FOKQV-V	SKHE
1347627	EL13476	ENSTGSCVCD-EASG-R YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TWR	AKNVCREF	KKCRIDKA	GRNVBSC	FOKQV-V	SKHE
NH35	CABEL/1-8	DNSICAVCD-VATG-R YG	ALACN	CGKGF	TVR	KNYHVCREF	SKOEIDKH	NRAERYC	FOKQV-V	SKHE
1347154	EL13471	TNRICAVCD-TPAK-I YG	VVAF	CGKGF	AVD	GRNVCREF	KNCVTKF	ERNAERYC	FOKQV-V	SKHE
NH21	CABEL/1-8	GDSVCAVCD-GIAK-L YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TLT	GKRYHVCREF	NKCVTKF	ERNAERYC	FOKQV-V	SKHE
1347738	EL13477	KCRICAVCD-RACSHLYG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
3253108	G32531	KDRICAVCD-NSTG-Y YG	VQSC	CGKGF	SVH	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
50	018150/1-81	DKHICAVCD-RPTG-Y YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TLIN	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
NH10	CABEL/1-8	PEEVICAVCD-ISTG-Y YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
1347565	EL13475	NKEVICAVCD-FSSG-Y YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
78	021878/1-81	EGELICAVCD-LATG-Y YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
CSRI	CABEL/1-8	PGTICAVCD-LATG-K YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
89	017589/1-81	PGELICAVCD-VASG-I YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
72	021372/1-81	HTEICAVCD-AADG-F YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
4139072	G41390	GRLICAVCD-DVAFCK YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
1348022	EL13480	INLVICAVCD-DQAFCK YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
89	062389/1-81	KSLICAVCD-DVALCK YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
11	017611/1-81	SOTSICAVCD-DPHGR YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
90	016890/1-81	LDVSCAVCD-DPHGR YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
06	021006/1-81	TGLICAVCD-DSRGR YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
46	018646/1-82	KGERICAVCD-ESAIRV YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
81	017081/1-81	ITERICAVCD-RSNN-SRYG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
28	045328/1-81	PTENICAVCD-RVHS-VRLG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
22	090822/1-80	ITERICAVCD-QVKS-DRLG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
13	017013/1-81	ITERICAVCD-SVNG-SRYG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
46	016346/1-81	PQKICAVCD-TPNG-SRYG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
87	045987/1-81	VIGICAVCD-EPSTOK YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
NH19	CABEL/1-8	ENQICAVCD-ELSYIRFG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
49	045449/1-80	TSQICAVCD-DSADSL YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
28	076828/1-81	EKPPICAVCD-EVNGV YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
1350502	EL13506	CKSPICAVCD-EAGDGA YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
05	017905/1-81	EKPICAVCD-EVGDGI YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
01	021701/1-81	VFLICAVCD-ESAEGR YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
4139088	G41390	NQKICAVCD-ESAEGR YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
3844612	G38446	PPSYICAVCD-EVADGH YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
33	017933/1-88	PIPYICAVCD-EVADGN YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
34	017934/1-97	KKPNICAVCD-DVGDGH YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
00	021700/1-81	ERKICAVCD-QLGDGI YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
25	016425/1-83	ERSTICAVCD-LAAGV YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
55	018155/1-82	SHITICAVCD-EPAGV YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
12	052412/1-84	STVICAVCD-LAAGV YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
48	018048/1-84	STVICAVCD-LAAGV YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
1349031	EL13490	STVICAVCD-LAAGV YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE
56	045756/1-83	TAACICAVCD-MPSRGN YG	VVAF	CGKGF	TVK	SRNVCREF	ENCTSYEN(6)	GRNVCREF	FOKQV-V	SKHE

Fig. 19 continu d:

38	Q23038/1-82	PRKQKRCVGN--LEAHGM	FG	---VOTCR---	POAAFF	INVLID	---LKRTGV--SNT---	QKCNVDGR	---GRNVRCDC	KKKCHA-V	MTTD
89	Q20389/1-82	FDKSJLVCK--KASNGM	FG	---ALTRC---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---LOHCK--QGN---	SKCNIDGR	---GRYVRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MEH
1354403	E133544	FTVNCBCK--KTSBGL	FG	---LRTCR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKT---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTT
10	Q45910/1-81	TPDKCCTCQ--KTSGH	FG	---LRTCR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
96	Q19496/1-88	LSMSLVCE--TDAHGC	FG	---ICRCR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
62	Q16962/1-81	SPDTCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---AVTCR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
67	Q16667/1-83	NQTFQVCG--QKSHG	FG	---AVTCR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
05	Q45905/1-84	SELICAVCS--QPARCR	FG	---AVTCR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
63	Q16963/1-82	NYLTCVCA--LPAHGN	FG	---AVTCR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
64	Q16964/1-84	SOILCOCA--LPAHGN	FG	---AVTCR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
55	Q22555/1-83	ISEKGLVCF--QPSHGN	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
56	Q22556/1-81	PIIKCKVCF--QPSHGN	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
52	Q16752/1-83	PERKQVCF--QPSHGN	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
37	Q44637/1-83	PRKQKRCVGN--LEAHGM	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
53	Q16753/1-81	FDKSJLVCK--KASNGM	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
57	Q16357/1-87	RKSLCKTCG--NPAGFN	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
54	Q16754/1-83	DMSCKTCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
58	Q16358/1-79	LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
61	Q16361/1-81	LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
F44C8/4-0		LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
4139090	G41390	LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
60	Q16360/1-1	LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
F44C8/11-0		LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
F48G7/3-0		LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
F48G7/11-0		LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
54	Q16354/1-81	LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
55	Q16355/1-80	LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
12	Q01612/1-89	LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
F31F4/12-0		LSGPCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
61	Q16961/1-82	SHKTCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
66	Q16966/1-85	NGPCEVCG--LESQGF	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
65	Q16965/1-79	MSKTCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
NH22	CABEL/1-8	MSKTCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
94	Q23294/1-82	MSKTCVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
41	Q18141/1-84	VRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
77	Q44577/1-82	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
4139082	G41390	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
ODR7	CABEL/1-8	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
68	Q16668/1-82	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
3886065	G38860	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
91	Q18391/1-75	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
87	Q18087/1-82	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
NH20	CABEL/1-8	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
1348628	E13486	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
84	Q16884/1-83	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD
12	Q062112/1-83	SRGCKVCG--QKSHG	FG	---VDSGR---	ACAAFF	AVULK	---RKKKCI--OKS---	QKCNIDGR	---EKKKRCQF	KKKCHA-T	MTTD

Fig. 19 continued:

16	002316/1-80	ADPFCVCEFFPSNVEL	FG	GLV	(1) GACAPF	TVSL	NIMLCEKN	NOCKMRKN	GRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
07	017706/1-80	TDPICSVCEFFSLLAP	FG	GLV	(1) SACAPF	TVSL	NIMLCKKO	NOCKMRKN	GRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
06	045507/1-85	HFPCVCEFFSLLPCNRYB	FG	GIC	(1) PACAPF	TVSL	NIMLCKKO	NNCGISKY	HIVGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
68	044668/1-82	FSKPCVCEFFSSTRTSY	FG	TTT	(1) MACAPF	TVAF	GIMLEKSN	NNCGISPKA	RFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
1347658	13476	QYPCVCEFFSODTASTRH	FG	ITS	(1) TACAPF	TV	MNOCTCLND	NNCGISVY	KKKVVGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
04	016604/1-82	SYPCVCEFFSNDVKNMYS	FG	VNS	(1) AACAPF	TV	ENQVACSRN	NNCGISY	KKKVVGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
1354720	13547	KNDPCVCEFFSNDLSRGE	FG	TSC	(1) IACAPF	TV	KNQVACSRN	NNCGISY	KKKVVGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
1354390	13543	EKACVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	ITS	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
1354721	13547	ELASVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	ITS	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
05	045505/1-80	NRGCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	ITS	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
16	062116/1-76	NRGCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	ITS	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
35	002235/1-80	PEPCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	ITA	(1) MACAPF	TV	ENQVACSRN	NNCGISY	KKKVVGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
T09A12/4-0		AVPACVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	ITA	(1) MACAPF	TV	ENQVACSRN	NNCGISY	KKKVVGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
17	019217/1-81	DLGCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
31	001931/1-85	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
29	001929/1-85	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
30	001930/1-85	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
06	021806/1-84	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
03	021803/1-83	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
05	021805/1-83	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
04	021804/1-85	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
48	001448/1-84	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
46	001446/1-85	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
40	061940/1-84	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
29	017929/1-84	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
49	001449/1-85	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
83	001983/1-83	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
98	017898/1-83	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
1345476	13454	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
83	001983/1-83	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
43	044543/1-84	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
16	020916/1-79	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
CS4P6/8-0		CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
27	017927/1-97	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
62	001562/1-82	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
63	001563/1-80	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
79	020379/1-78	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
64	045664/1-73	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
T24A6/11-0		CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
F47C10/1-0		CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
F47C10/3-0		CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
54	061854/1-85	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
89	023489/1-80	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
09	016609/1-82	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
97	022297/1-84	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
31	020831/1-78	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
T24A6/8-0		CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN
60	045460/1-84	CPSCVCEFFSNDSTRL	YFG	VSSCR	(1) AACAPF	SD	GIMLCTAN	NBCTAYGR (18)	DIKFFGRAC	EDYCVKLA	MRKN

Fig. 19 continu d:

FXR-B	(17) QEEFVAGCDKASPSPIYN-ALTCEGCK(10) FLLGFFQCHXK	QNAVESRRNG	SHEDMDMY	MRRKQRC	FKKTA-V	ELAE (279)
57 017657/1-80	---KPGVCAVCGF-SCQVQYIFG---GVVCG---ATSAFTVSLN	---INVLCDGD---	---NOCKSMLK---	---XGRAC	---ESQVKA	---MERS---
4139078 041390	---AGRICVAGSD--RANGYNFG---VLTE--SCKAF--NASK	---HKRACPPS---	---DSOITSA---	---SRKQOAC	---NKKTA-V	---ANSE---
65 045365/1-80	---TIQELVCG--QSENILFG---APSR--ACGEF--KVISN	---FKKNCCLG---	---ECSFAK---	---SMKPOSC	---KOKCIE-A	---MLEK---
38 016538/1-96	---KNFGRICND-PETSPIFG---AIVEL--ACASTFG	---KRGCIAN---	---NRGVISCGE(14)AKKITVRS	---YDSCIR	---A-MKMF---	---
68 016968/1-78	---SCPECLICQ--NGQGHIFG---VISE--ACAATF--AADS	---KWSMKCLSK---	---YDQKTY---	---HCKPC	---KKCD-V	---MDVS---
86 018086/1-79	---QPIPCQICFY--QSHGVNEN---VWTR--ACAATF--CVIKI	---HCKTRK---	---NDRIDST---	---ERHFCILC	---KOKCQ-M	---ELAE---
91 016391/1-87	---RPNICAIKH--OKAFGYNYE---VVEN--ACKMEF--AEAE	---KIDDFCKIG---	---GKDFDGDLLT---	---SRPKCRSC	---YKCVN-L	---MYH---
55 017755/1-10	---DGPCCLVGR-VANTGHIFG---VTAEL--CKTFF--VILQ	---KNBPCKYK---	---NHELEKSM(17)NAKRLRSC	---KOKCM-V	---EFED---	---
34 062034/1-78	---TSTSHVCG--APEVEPIFG---GVSR--ACAATF--VHSH	---KSVTSCT---	---CQIRYQN---	---SHPREC	---KOKCS-A	---WPE---
03 046003/1-81	---LFEKRAVCG--PSSRRIFG---ALAF--FONVEF--NMLN	---KRMRCCKN---	---PECEIGIK---	---TRYACGC	---KIKCHK-S	---ADPK---
3800990 038009	---REFEDVCLB--PGNGKIFG---VDAGR--CCTAF--TIVN	---KRMSCSD---	---DTCHTEKS---	---EGLCKKC	---KOKCK-V	---MKCB---
90 018190/1-82	---QFSICRVCD--SNGQPIFG---TICCP--SKGEF--VIMS	---DKTFFCYRG---	---NMCTQXG---	---TRNIGAC	---KIKCQ-V	---ENVK---
CAA05409	---ARRICLAVSD--YASCNTIC---VMSCE--AYKVF--SOS	---FTDPAFTN---	---DNLISKN---	---RKSQPAQACIAP	---SINEL---	---
ZK6/5-0	---SNOTAVGER--FTEFNIFG---VPSEN--ACKIFF--LITR	---TAPVOCYIG---	---EHCTKSP---	---ITKCTFC	---KOKCQ-W	---MTLP---
55 019155/1-83	---SNEMCRVCG--KNSAGKIFG---VPACH--GKSEF--AITHK	---TAVPECKVD---	---KMGFSKIBR---	---ITRPRKRYC	---KOKCS-W	---MVAL---
64 001564/1-84	---GQKALVWCKR--PANCYNIFG---VMSGD--ACKMEF--TMILL	---NVQVRRK---	---NQFDDSF8---	---CLKTPYGRAC	---VQCVZ-V	---KMLN---
11 094411/1-85	---KVENCLICOR--ETSLEFNIFG---AISEN--ACKLIF--AKVS	---KTEISPCNR---	---NLCHTKMS---	---TWKSACESC	---KOKCV-A	---ETLN---
99 018299/1-84	---SNHICRVGER--RYDGSQIFG---IDIER--ACAATF--SVAV	---KKTAVRRG---	---TNRSELNTVS---	---RKTTCQKC	---KOKCIL-V	---LAVD---
Consensus/804	.....C.LC.....s...Hat.....s.C.....TC.sPFRsh.....	.....b.C.....	.....p.....	.....Cp.Crbp+Cbp.hGmp.p.....		





Fig. 20 continu d:

15	GCR_CAVPO/1	-----MIGROQVIAVAVAKAIPCK-----NIHLDQOQVIAVAVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
44	GCR_XENLA/1	-----MIGROQVIAVAVAKAIPCK-----NIHLDQOQVIAVAVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
43	GCR_ONCOK/1	-----RUGQOQVIAVAVAKAIPCK-----NIHLDQOQVIAVAVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
49	Q63449/1-16	-----QUBROQVIAVAVAKAIPCK-----NIHLDQOQVIAVAVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
13	NR42_XENLA/	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
17	NR42_RAT/1-	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
36	NR41_HUMAN/	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
70	NR43_HUMAN/	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
AA05172_CRA051		-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
94	Q92019/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
94	Q62694/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
31	EGR_LUCU/1	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
82	EGR_CHITE/1	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
83	EGR_MANSE/1	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
46	O76246/1-15	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
35	O02035/1-15	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
43	Q92943/1-15	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
15	PAR_MOUSE/1	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
39	Q91839/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
94	NR13_HUMAN/	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
95	NR02_HUMAN/	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
93	NR01_HUMAN/	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
45	E75_MITEN/1	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
81	PRAS_HUMAN/	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
32	PPAR_XENLA/	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
52	PRAT_RAT/1-	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
46	ROBB_RAT/1-	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
41	P97741/1-15	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
43	O02643/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
AC23439_AAC234		-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
AD37372_AAD373		-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
AB04069_CAB040		-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
98	O17898/1-15	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
83	P91983/1-15	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
83	P91983_1/1-	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
49	O01449/1-15	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
48	O01448/1-15	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
39	O61939/1-15	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
29	Q17929/1-15	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
31	O01931/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
29	O01929/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
04	Q21803/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
03	Q21804/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
69	O61869/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
83	O17683/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
60	O45560/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
AA21008_CRA210		-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD
61	O01561/1-16	-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----DILGSSLEIVIRVAKAIPCK-----LWRSYKQNG-----SLCFAADLILNORMS-----LPMWMD

[illegible]

Fig. 20 c ntinued:

77 016677/1-18 ---LHWEQCLAVAVENFENFEN---VFLPVLVAVLKVITVQVYGR---KEDIAN---TAEERKKLLHEHNVFVMDGECACN---SKNVDVSNVYDYSFQI---AYVND  
 59 016359/1-18 ---KWEQCLAVAVENFENFEN---ELDENLKEHNTQVSWITR---EDKLS---TANKVATLD-NELLWENDSOWH---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---FFFLTP  
 60 016360/1-18 ---YWEQCLAVAVENFENFEN---EDHNSVKLVITVSWAVTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 61 016361/1-18 ---LHWEQCLAVAVENFENFEN---AIDELSKMLKBNALISWTR---DEKLAB---TADHQRKKEFG-DSVWMCNDACLD---LANYEDVLWMCINYSLEOLA---LFTLSP  
 58 016358/1-18 ---YWEQCLAVAVENFENFEN---DIDEDIMLVNKAAMLPWTI---HEKLYE---TSDYQRKNIFB-KTILMOCNDTCOD---MNNYELDLSWLDYSIDQLP---YFFTPP  
 55 016355/1-18 ---VWEQCLAVAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 93 044593/1-18 ---RWENEFKLVAVENFENFEN---EDHNTQVSWITR---EDKLS---TANKVATLD-NELLWENDSOWH---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 66 016966/1-18 ---MWEFNTISVAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 38 044638/1-18 ---DQVYVAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 37 044637/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 15 045315/1-22 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 60 045460/1-19 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 54 018048/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 48 018048/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 35 044635/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 87 018087/1-20 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 10 04510/1-27 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 06 015406/1-16 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 99 077099/1-16 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 82 097782/1-16 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 32 097782/1-17 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 33 097782/1-17 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 27 097782/1-17 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 92 097782/1-17 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 60 016360\_1/1- ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 03 016360\_1/1- ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 96 022296/1-16 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 FTL1\_BOWMO/1-1 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 AB032298|CAB032 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 34 017934/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 36 044336/1-15 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 96 044336/1-15 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 42 045842/1-17 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 AA18369|CAA183 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 AD38900|AAD389 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 80 091780/1-15 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 73 061873/1-16 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 74 061873/1-16 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 AA16413|CAA164 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 76 0702|CROME/ ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 77 044577/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 70 044577/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 03 061803/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 99 061803/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 AA18351|CAA183 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 05 021805/1-12 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 93 018393/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP  
 07 045907/1-18 ---KQVEKAVENFENFEN---SHDVLNKLKBNALISWTR---DKLFE---TANQKNGVFG-DSILWNGECOD---MNDYVILSWCINYSLEOLA---YFFLTP

Fig. 20 continued:

64	016664/1-18	-----NVRPEFTLEFDDSNVTKQFTDILHVOA LHVMSK-VHKAS-----TALYKSNPNVAKPBQ-KIFRNKCMOR-----NLKQFTDSMSDYSTEHVIR-----FMLTP		
09	016609/1-16	-----FHSIGMLIAVETKSIDPFP-----KILLSRILHETVLEFHF-BIS-----VAFDSQKKE-----KILAPDGSMEFDSLNMKD-----FCKOLIMR		
54	016354/1-18	-----LALQSLGIAQWAPARLEPS-----MDDPQIKIDIAKSMUWAR-BDKLAA-----TADFHQKLGNDIVY(5)-TCMN-----PQNKIDIKWSNYSVQLR-----GFLVP		
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Met Val Lys Asn Phe Lys Thr Phe Leu Leu Gly Phe Phe Gln Cys Ser



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Tyr Lys Ala Val Gly Met Leu Ala Glu Cys Leu Leu Thr Glu Ile Gln  
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Cys Lys Leu Lys Arg Leu Gln Lys Asn Phe Lys Glu Lys Asn His Phe  
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Tyr Ser Asn Ile Lys Val Glu Glu Glu Gly Val Asp His Ser Phe Leu  
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Ser Ser Thr Thr Arg Pro Gly Lys Glu Ser Met Glu Leu Thr Glu Glu  
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Glu His Gln Leu Ile Asn Asn Ile Val Ala Ala His Gln Lys Tyr Thr  
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Phe Leu His Gly Ala Gln Leu Tyr Asn Thr Met Ile Ile Ser Ile Cys  
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Lys Met Tyr His Pro Glu Asp Pro Xaa His Phe Ala His Leu Ile Trp  
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ggcaggcccg tgcttgaagt tcttgcaag tctctttgac ttacttgga tctctgtgag 900
caaacattct gccaacatcc ccaccgcctt acacttcttc agtctgcact cttggcattt 960
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cagctgataa tggaattggt ctggcaaaat atctggtttt attaacat 1428

```

&lt;210&gt; 24

&lt;211&gt; 475

&lt;212&gt; PRT

&lt;213&gt; Mus musculus

&lt;400&gt; 24

```

Met Leu Ile Lys Pro Asp Ile Leu Pro Glu Gln Phe His Tyr Gln Leu
1           5           10           15

```

```

Cys Asp Thr Asp Phe Gln Glu Pro Pro Tyr Cys Gln Tyr Ser Thr Ala
          20           25           30

```

```

Gln Phe Pro Pro Ala Leu Gln Ser Pro Ser Leu Gln Ser His Phe Asn
          35           40           45

```

```

Thr His Gly Leu Asp Pro Gln Tyr Ser Gly Gly Ser Trp Cys Gly Leu
          50           55           60

```

```

Asp Ala Arg Glu Ser Gly Gln Ser Thr Tyr Val Val Val His Asp Asp
65           70           75           80

```

```

Glu Asp Glu Phe Pro Gly Ala Gln Arg Cys Arg Ala Thr Cys Ser Leu
          85           90           95

```

## L-0020-01-WO-01.ST25

Arg Trp Lys Gly Gln Asp Asp Met Leu Cys Met Val Cys Gly Asp Lys  
 100 105 110

Ala Ser Gly Tyr His Tyr Asn Ala Leu Thr Cys Glu Gly Cys Lys Gly  
 115 120 125

Phe Phe Arg Arg Ser Ile Thr Lys Asn Ala Val Tyr Ser Cys Lys Asn  
 130 135 140

Gly Gly His Cys Glu Met Asp Met Tyr Met Arg Arg Lys Cys Gln Glu  
 145 150 155 160

Cys Arg Leu Lys Lys Cys Lys Ala Val Gly Met Leu Ala Glu Cys Leu  
 165 170 175

Leu Thr Glu Ile Gln Cys Lys Ser Lys Arg Leu Arg Lys Asn Phe Lys  
 180 185 190

His Gly Pro Ala Leu Tyr Pro Ala Ile Gln Val Glu Asp Glu Gly Ala  
 195 200 205

Asp Thr Lys His Val Ser Ser Ser Thr Arg Ser Gly Lys Gly Val Gln  
 210 215 220

Asp Asn Met Thr Leu Thr Gln Glu Glu His Arg Leu Leu Asn Thr Ile  
 225 230 235 240

Val Thr Ala His Gln Lys Ser Met Ile Pro Leu Gly Glu Thr Ser Lys  
 245 250 255

Leu Leu Gln Glu Gly Ser Asn Pro Glu Leu Ser Phe Leu Arg Leu Ser  
 260 265 270

Glu Val Ser Val Leu His Ile Gln Gly Leu Met Lys Phe Thr Lys Gly  
 275 280 285

Leu Pro Gly Phe Glu Asn Leu Thr Thr Glu Asp Gln Ala Ala Leu Gln  
 290 295 300

Lys Ala Ser Lys Thr Glu Val Met Phe Leu His Val Ala Gln Leu Tyr  
 305 310 315 320

Gly Gly Lys Asp Ser Thr Ser Gly Ser Thr Met Arg Pro Ala Lys Pro  
 325 330 335

Ser Ala Gly Thr Leu Glu Val His Asn Pro Ser Ala Asp Glu Ser Val  
 340 345 350